

UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO



3 1761 00179701 8

# MATHEMATICAL TABLES

---

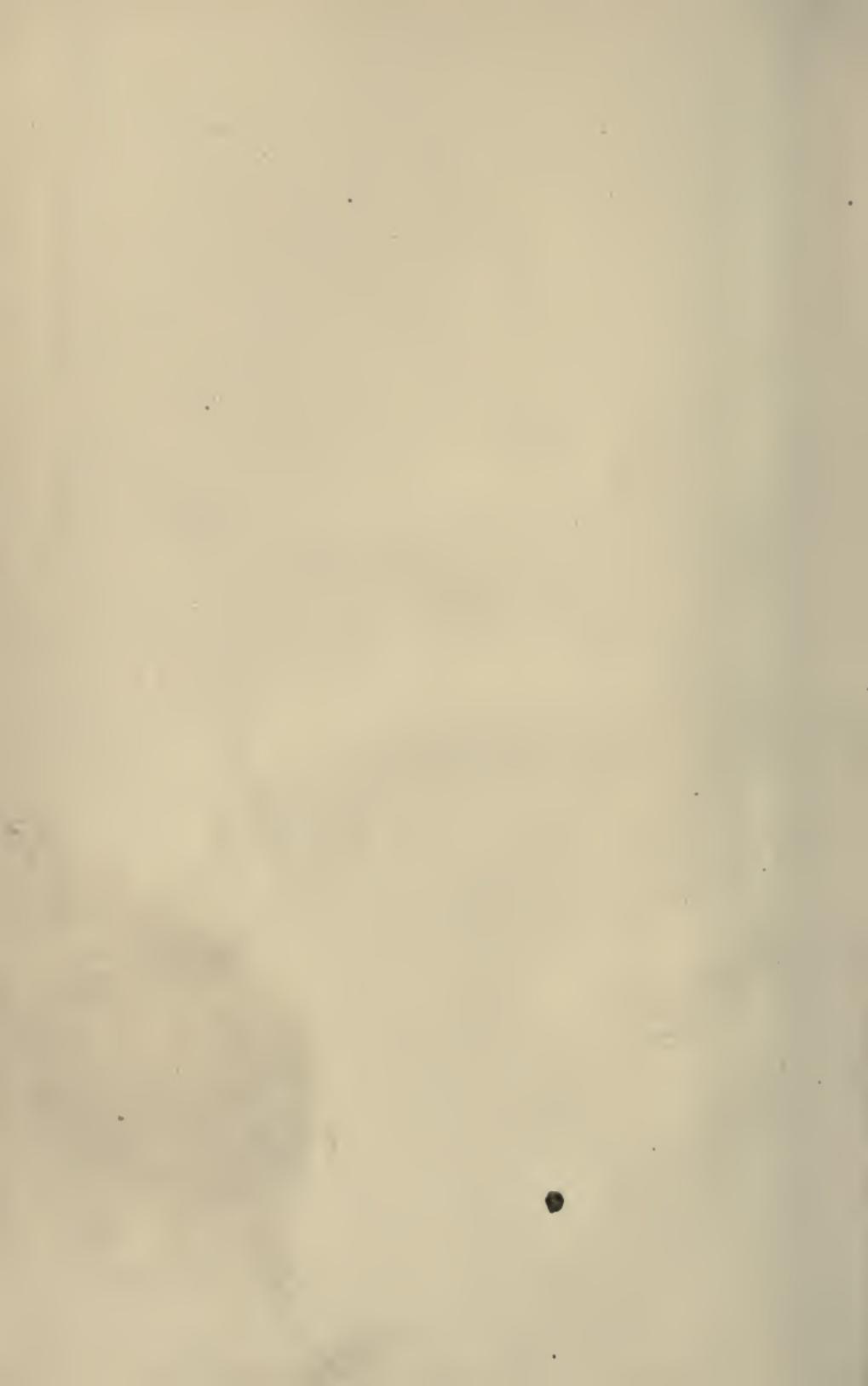
J. M. PEIRCE

QA  
55  
P43  
1889





Digitized by the Internet Archive  
in 2007 with funding from  
Microsoft Corporation







# MATHEMATICAL TABLES

*CHIEFLY TO FOUR FIGURES*

FIRST SERIES

BY

JAMES MILLS PEIRCE

UNIVERSITY PROFESSOR OF MATHEMATICS IN HARVARD  
UNIVERSITY

---

BOSTON, U.S.A.:  
PUBLISHED BY GINN & COMPANY.  
1889.



*Copyright, 1879,*  
**By J. M. PEIRCE.**

21879

QA  
55  
P43  
1889

# CONTENTS.

---

	PAGE
TABLE OF LOGARITHMS . . . . .	2
TABLE OF LOGARITHMS OF SUMS AND DIFFERENCES . . . . .	6
TABLE OF LOGARITHMS OF CIRCULAR FUNCTIONS . . . . .	8
TABLE OF INVERSE CIRCULAR FUNCTIONS . . . . .	16
TABLE OF LOGARITHMS OF HYPERBOLIC FUNCTIONS . . . . .	19
TABLE OF NATURAL SINES AND COSINES . . . . .	22
TABLE OF NATURAL TANGENTS AND COTANGENTS . . . . .	24
TABLE OF NATURAL SECANTS AND COSECANTS . . . . .	26
EXPLANATION OF THE TABLES.	
§ 1. TABLES IN GENERAL . . . . .	29
§ 2. INTERPOLATION . . . . .	29
§ 3. PROPORTIONAL PARTS . . . . .	31
§ 4. LOGARITHMS . . . . .	32
§ 5. LOGARITHMS OF SUMS AND DIFFERENCES . . . . .	35
§ 6. CIRCULAR, OR TRIGONOMETRIC, FUNCTIONS: NATURAL VALUES . . . . .	36
§ 7. LOGARITHMS OF CIRCULAR FUNCTIONS . . . . .	37
§ 8. INVERSE CIRCULAR FUNCTIONS . . . . .	40
§ 9. HYPERBOLIC FUNCTIONS . . . . .	41
§ 10. NATURAL LOGARITHMS . . . . .	43
TABLE OF PROPORTIONAL PARTS . . . . .	45

## Logarithms.

N	P. P.										
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1. 2. 3. 4. 5
10	0000	0043	0086	0128	0170	0212	0253	0294	0334	0374	4. 8. 12. 17. 21
11	0414	0453	0492	0531	0569	0607	0645	0682	0719	0755	4. 8. 11. 15. 19
12	0792	0828	0864	0899	0934	0969	1004	1038	1072	1106	3. 7. 10. 14. 17
13	1139	1173	1206	1239	1271	1303	1335	1367	1399	1430	3. 6. 10. 13. 16
14	1461	1492	1523	1553	1584	1614	1644	1673	1703	1732	3. 6. 9. 12. 15
15	1761	1790	1818	1847	1875	1903	1931	1959	1987	2014	3. 6. 8. 11. 14
16	2041	2068	2095	2122	2148	2175	2201	2227	2253	2279	3. 5. 8. 11. 13
17	2304	2330	2355	2380	2405	2430	2455	2480	2504	2529	2. 5. 7. 10. 12
18	2553	2577	2601	2625	2648	2672	2695	2718	2742	2765	2. 5. 7. 9. 12
19	2788	2810	2833	2856	2878	2900	2923	2945	2967	2989	2. 4. 7. 9. 11
20	3010	3032	3054	3075	3096	3118	3139	3160	3181	3201	2. 4. 6. 8. 11
21	3222	3243	3263	3284	3304	3324	3345	3365	3385	3404	2. 4. 6. 8. 10
22	3424	3444	3464	3483	3502	3522	3541	3560	3579	3598	2. 4. 6. 8. 10
23	3617	3636	3655	3674	3692	3711	3729	3747	3766	3784	2. 4. 5. 7. 9
24	3802	3820	3838	3856	3874	3892	3909	3927	3945	3962	2. 4. 5. 7. 9
25	3979	3997	4014	4031	4048	4065	4082	4099	4116	4133	2. 3. 5. 7. 9
26	4150	4166	4183	4200	4216	4232	4249	4265	4281	4298	2. 3. 5. 7. 8
27	4314	4330	4346	4362	4378	4393	4409	4425	4440	4456	2. 3. 5. 6. 8
28	4472	4487	4502	4518	4533	4548	4564	4579	4594	4609	2. 3. 5. 6. 8
29	4624	4639	4654	4669	4683	4698	4713	4728	4742	4757	1. 3. 4. 6. 7
30	4771	4786	4800	4814	4829	4843	4857	4871	4886	4900	1. 3. 4. 6. 7
31	4914	4928	4942	4955	4969	4983	4997	5011	5024	5038	1. 3. 4. 6. 7
32	5051	5065	5079	5092	5105	5119	5132	5145	5159	5172	1. 3. 4. 5. 7
33	5185	5198	5211	5224	5237	5250	5263	5276	5289	5302	1. 3. 4. 5. 6
34	5315	5328	5340	5353	5366	5378	5391	5403	5416	5428	1. 3. 4. 5. 6
35	5441	5453	5465	5478	5490	5502	5514	5527	5539	5551	1. 2. 4. 5. 6
36	5563	5575	5587	5599	5611	5623	5635	5647	5658	5670	1. 2. 4. 5. 6
37	5682	5694	5705	5717	5729	5740	5752	5763	5775	5786	1. 2. 3. 5. 6
38	5798	5809	5821	5832	5843	5855	5866	5877	5888	5899	1. 2. 3. 5. 6
39	5911	5922	5933	5944	5955	5966	5977	5988	5999	6010	1. 2. 3. 4. 6
40	6021	6031	6042	6053	6064	6075	6085	6096	6107	6117	1. 2. 3. 4. 5
41	6128	6138	6149	6160	6170	6180	6191	6201	6212	6222	1. 2. 3. 4. 5
42	6232	6243	6253	6263	6274	6284	6294	6304	6314	6325	1. 2. 3. 4. 5
43	6335	6345	6355	6365	6375	6385	6395	6405	6415	6425	1. 2. 3. 4. 5
44	6435	6444	6454	6464	6474	6484	6493	6503	6513	6522	1. 2. 3. 4. 5
45	6532	6542	6551	6561	6571	6580	6590	6599	6609	6618	1. 2. 3. 4. 5
46	6628	6637	6646	6656	6665	6675	6684	6693	6702	6712	1. 2. 3. 4. 5
47	6721	6730	6739	6749	6758	6767	6776	6785	6794	6803	1. 2. 3. 4. 5
48	6812	6821	6830	6839	6848	6857	6866	6875	6884	6893	1. 2. 3. 4. 4
49	6902	6911	6920	6928	6937	6946	6955	6964	6972	6981	1. 2. 3. 4. 4
50	6990	6998	7007	7016	7024	7033	7042	7050	7059	7067	1. 2. 3. 3. 4
51	7076	7084	7093	7101	7110	7118	7126	7135	7143	7152	1. 2. 3. 3. 4
52	7160	7168	7177	7185	7193	7202	7210	7218	7226	7235	1. 2. 2. 3. 4
53	7242	7251	7259	7267	7275	7284	7292	7300	7308	7316	1. 2. 2. 3. 4

## Logarithms.

N	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	P. P.
											1. 2. 3. 4. 5
55	7404	7412	7419	7427	7435	7443	7451	7459	7466	7474	1. 2. 2. 3. 4
56	7482	7490	7497	7505	7513	7520	7528	7536	7543	7551	1. 2. 2. 3. 4
57	7559	7566	7574	7582	7589	7597	7604	7612	7619	7627	1. 2. 2. 3. 4
58	7634	7642	7649	7657	7664	7672	7679	7686	7694	7701	1. 1. 2. 3. 4
59	7709	7716	7723	7731	7738	7745	7752	7760	7767	7774	1. 1. 2. 3. 4
60	7782	7789	7796	7803	7810	7818	7825	7832	7839	7846	1. 1. 2. 3. 4
61	7853	7860	7868	7875	7882	7889	7896	7903	7910	7917	1. 1. 2. 3. 4
62	7924	7931	7938	7945	7952	7959	7966	7973	7980	7987	1. 1. 2. 3. 3
63	7993	8000	8007	8014	8021	8028	8035	8041	8048	8055	1. 1. 2. 3. 3
64	8062	8069	8075	8082	8089	8096	8102	8109	8116	8122	1. 1. 2. 3. 3
65	8129	8136	8142	8149	8156	8162	8169	8176	8182	8189	1. 1. 2. 3. 3
66	8195	8202	8209	8215	8222	8228	8235	8241	8248	8254	1. 1. 2. 3. 3
67	8261	8267	8274	8280	8287	8293	8299	8306	8312	8319	1. 1. 2. 3. 3
68	8325	8331	8338	8344	8351	8357	8363	8370	8376	8382	1. 1. 2. 3. 3
69	8388	8395	8401	8407	8414	8420	8426	8432	8439	8445	1. 1. 2. 3. 3
70	8451	8457	8463	8470	8476	8482	8488	8494	8500	8506	1. 1. 2. 2. 3
71	8513	8519	8525	8531	8537	8543	8549	8555	8561	8567	1. 1. 2. 2. 3
72	8573	8579	8585	8591	8597	8603	8609	8615	8621	8627	1. 1. 2. 2. 3
73	8633	8639	8645	8651	8657	8663	8669	8675	8681	8686	1. 1. 2. 2. 3
74	8692	8698	8704	8710	8716	8722	8727	8733	8739	8745	1. 1. 2. 2. 3
75	8751	8756	8762	8768	8774	8779	8785	8791	8797	8802	1. 1. 2. 2. 3
76	8808	8814	8820	8825	8831	8837	8842	8848	8854	8859	1. 1. 2. 2. 3
77	8865	8871	8876	8882	8887	8893	8899	8904	8910	8915	1. 1. 2. 2. 3
78	8921	8927	8932	8938	8943	8949	8954	8960	8965	8971	1. 1. 2. 2. 3
79	8976	8982	8987	8993	8998	9004	9009	9015	9020	9025	1. 1. 2. 2. 3
80	9031	9036	9042	9047	9053	9058	9063	9069	9074	9079	1. 1. 2. 2. 3
81	9085	9090	9096	9101	9106	9112	9117	9122	9128	9133	1. 1. 2. 2. 3
82	9138	9143	9149	9154	9159	9165	9170	9175	9180	9186	1. 1. 2. 2. 3
83	9191	9196	9201	9206	9212	9217	9222	9227	9232	9238	1. 1. 2. 2. 3
84	9243	9248	9253	9258	9263	9269	9274	9279	9284	9289	1. 1. 2. 2. 3
85	9294	9299	9304	9309	9315	9320	9325	9330	9335	9340	1. 1. 2. 2. 3
86	9345	9350	9355	9360	9365	9370	9375	9380	9385	9390	1. 1. 2. 2. 3
87	9395	9400	9405	9410	9415	9420	9425	9430	9435	9440	0. 1. 1. 2. 2
88	9445	9450	9455	9460	9465	9469	9474	9479	9484	9489	0. 1. 1. 2. 2
89	9494	9499	9504	9509	9513	9518	9523	9528	9533	9538	0. 1. 1. 2. 2
90	9542	9547	9552	9557	9562	9566	9571	9576	9581	9586	0. 1. 1. 2. 2
91	9590	9595	9600	9605	9609	9614	9619	9624	9628	9633	0. 1. 1. 2. 2
92	9638	9643	9647	9652	9657	9661	9666	9671	9675	9680	0. 1. 1. 2. 2
93	9685	9689	9694	9699	9703	9708	9713	9717	9722	9727	0. 1. 1. 2. 2
94	9731	9736	9741	9745	9750	9754	9759	9763	9768	9773	0. 1. 1. 2. 2
95	9777	9782	9786	9791	9795	9800	9805	9809	9814	9818	0. 1. 1. 2. 2
96	9823	9827	9832	9836	9841	9845	9850	9854	9859	9863	0. 1. 1. 2. 2
97	9868	9872	9877	9881	9886	9890	9894	9899	9903	9908	0. 1. 1. 2. 2
98	9912	9917	9921	9926	9930	9934	9939	9943	9948	9952	0. 1. 1. 2. 2

Logarithms.

N	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
<b>100</b>	0000	0004	0009	0013	0017	0022	0026	0030	0035	0039	0043
101	0043	0048	0052	0056	0060	0065	0069	0073	0077	0082	0086
102	0086	0090	0095	0099	0103	0107	0111	0116	0120	0124	0128
103	0128	0133	0137	0141	0145	0149	0154	0158	0162	0168	0170
104	0170	0175	0179	0183	0187	0191	0195	0199	0204	0208	0212
<b>105</b>	0212	0216	0220	0224	0228	0233	0237	0241	0245	0249	0253
106	0253	0257	0261	0265	0269	0273	0278	0282	0286	0290	0294
107	0294	0298	0302	0306	0310	0314	0318	0322	0326	0330	0334
108	0334	0338	0342	0346	0350	0354	0358	0362	0366	0370	0374
109	0374	0378	0382	0386	0390	0394	0398	0402	0406	0410	0414
<b>110</b>	0414	0418	0422	0426	0430	0434	0438	0441	0445	0449	0453
111	0453	0457	0461	0465	0469	0473	0477	0481	0484	0488	0492
112	0492	0496	0500	0504	0508	0512	0515	0519	0523	0527	0531
113	0531	0535	0538	0542	0546	0550	0554	0558	0561	0565	0569
114	0569	0573	0577	0580	0584	0588	0592	0596	0599	0603	0607
<b>115</b>	0607	0611	0615	0618	0622	0626	0630	0633	0637	0641	0645
116	0645	0648	0652	0656	0660	0663	0667	0671	0674	0678	0682
117	0682	0686	0689	0693	0697	0700	0704	0708	0711	0715	0719
118	0719	0722	0726	0730	0734	0737	0741	0745	0748	0752	0755
119	0755	0759	0763	0766	0770	0774	0777	0781	0785	0788	0792
<b>120</b>	0792	0795	0799	0803	0806	0810	0813	0817	0821	0824	0828
121	0828	0831	0835	0839	0842	0846	0849	0853	0856	0860	0864
122	0864	0867	0871	0874	0878	0881	0885	0888	0892	0896	0899
123	0899	0903	0906	0910	0913	0917	0920	0924	0927	0931	0934
124	0934	0938	0941	0945	0948	0952	0955	0959	0962	0966	0969
<b>125</b>	0969	0973	0976	0980	0983	0986	0990	0993	0997	1000	1004
126	1004	1007	1011	1014	1017	1021	1024	1028	1031	1035	1038
127	1038	1041	1045	1048	1052	1055	1059	1062	1065	1069	1072
128	1072	1075	1079	1082	1086	1089	1092	1096	1099	1103	1106
129	1106	1109	1113	1116	1119	1123	1126	1129	1133	1136	1139
<b>130</b>	1139	1143	1146	1149	1153	1156	1159	1163	1166	1169	1173
131	1173	1176	1179	1183	1186	1189	1193	1196	1199	1202	1206
132	1206	1209	1212	1216	1219	1222	1225	1229	1232	1235	1239
133	1239	1242	1245	1248	1252	1255	1258	1261	1265	1268	1271
134	1271	1274	1278	1281	1284	1287	1290	1294	1297	1300	1303
<b>135</b>	1303	1307	1310	1313	1316	1319	1323	1326	1329	1332	1335
136	1335	1339	1342	1345	1348	1351	1355	1358	1361	1364	1367
137	1387	1370	1374	1377	1380	1383	1386	1389	1392	1396	1399
138	1399	1402	1405	1408	1411	1414	1418	1421	1424	1427	1430
139	1430	1433	1436	1440	1443	1446	1449	1452	1455	1458	1461
<b>140</b>	1461	1464	1467	1471	1474	1477	1480	1483	1486	1489	1492
141	1492	1495	1498	1501	1504	1508	1511	1514	1517	1520	1523
142	1523	1526	1529	1532	1535	1538	1541	1544	1547	1550	1553
143	1553	1556	1559	1562	1565	1569	1572	1575	1578	1581	1584
144	1584	1587	1590	1593	1596	1599	1602	1605	1608	1611	1614
<b>145</b>	1614	1617	1620	1623	1626	1629	1632	1635	1638	1641	1644
146	1644	1647	1649	1652	1655	1658	1661	1664	1667	1670	1673
147	1673	1676	1679	1682	1685	1688	1691	1694	1697	1700	1703
148	1703	1706	1708	1711	1714	1717	1720	1723	1726	1729	1732
149	1732	1735	1738	1741	1744	1746	1749	1752	1755	1758	1761

# Logarithms.

N	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
<b>150</b>	1761	1764	1767	1770	1772	1775	1778	1781	1784	1787	1790
151	1790	1793	1796	1798	1801	1804	1807	1810	1813	1816	1818
152	1818	1821	1824	1827	1830	1833	1836	1838	1841	1844	1847
153	1847	1850	1853	1855	1858	1861	1864	1867	1870	1872	1875
154	1875	1878	1881	1884	1886	1889	1892	1895	1898	1901	1903
<b>155</b>	1903	1906	1909	1912	1915	1917	1920	1923	1926	1928	1931
156	1931	1934	1937	1940	1942	1945	1948	1951	1953	1956	1959
157	1959	1962	1965	1967	1970	1973	1976	1978	1981	1984	1987
158	1987	1989	1992	1995	1998	2000	2003	2006	2009	2011	2014
159	2014	2017	2019	2022	2025	2028	2030	2033	2036	2038	2041
<b>160</b>	2041	2044	2047	2049	2052	2055	2057	2060	2063	2066	2068
161	2068	2071	2074	2076	2079	2082	2084	2087	2090	2092	2095
162	2095	2098	2101	2103	2106	2109	2111	2114	2117	2119	2122
163	2122	2125	2127	2130	2133	2135	2138	2140	2143	2146	2148
164	2148	2151	2154	2156	2159	2162	2164	2167	2170	2172	2175
<b>165</b>	2175	2177	2180	2183	2185	2188	2191	2193	2196	2198	2201
166	2201	2204	2206	2209	2212	2214	2217	2219	2222	2225	2227
167	2227	2230	2232	2235	2238	2240	2243	2245	2248	2251	2253
168	2253	2256	2258	2261	2263	2266	2269	2271	2274	2276	2279
169	2279	2281	2284	2287	2289	2292	2294	2297	2299	2302	2304
<b>170</b>	2304	2307	2310	2312	2315	2317	2320	2322	2325	2327	2330
171	2330	2333	2335	2338	2340	2343	2345	2348	2350	2353	2355
172	2355	2358	2360	2363	2365	2368	2370	2373	2375	2378	2380
173	2380	2383	2385	2388	2390	2393	2395	2398	2400	2403	2405
174	2405	2408	2410	2413	2415	2418	2420	2423	2425	2428	2430
<b>175</b>	2430	2433	2435	2438	2440	2443	2445	2448	2450	2453	2455
176	2455	2458	2460	2463	2465	2467	2470	2472	2475	2477	2480
177	2480	2482	2485	2487	2490	2492	2494	2497	2499	2502	2504
178	2504	2507	2509	2512	2514	2516	2519	2521	2524	2526	2529
179	2529	2531	2533	2536	2538	2541	2543	2545	2548	2550	2553
<b>180</b>	2553	2555	2558	2560	2562	2565	2567	2570	2572	2574	2577
181	2577	2579	2582	2584	2586	2589	2591	2594	2596	2598	2601
182	2601	2603	2605	2608	2610	2613	2615	2617	2620	2622	2625
183	2625	2627	2629	2632	2634	2636	2639	2641	2643	2646	2648
184	2648	2651	2653	2655	2658	2660	2662	2665	2667	2669	2672
<b>185</b>	2672	2674	2676	2679	2681	2683	2686	2688	2690	2693	2695
186	2695	2697	2700	2702	2704	2707	2709	2711	2714	2716	2718
187	2718	2721	2723	2725	2728	2730	2732	2735	2737	2739	2742
188	2742	2744	2746	2749	2751	2753	2755	2758	2760	2762	2765
189	2765	2767	2769	2772	2774	2776	2778	2781	2783	2785	2788
<b>190</b>	2788	2790	2792	2794	2797	2799	2801	2804	2806	2808	2810
191	2810	2813	2815	2817	2819	2822	2824	2826	2828	2831	2833
192	2833	2835	2838	2840	2842	2844	2847	2849	2851	2853	2856
193	2856	2858	2860	2862	2865	2867	2869	2871	2874	2876	2878
194	2878	2880	2882	2885	2887	2889	2891	2894	2896	2898	2900
<b>195</b>	2900	2903	2905	2907	2909	2911	2914	2916	2918	2920	2923
196	2923	2925	2927	2929	2931	2934	2936	2938	2940	2942	2945
197	2945	2947	2949	2951	2953	2956	2958	2960	2962	2964	2967
198	2967	2969	2971	2973	2975	2978	2980	2982	2984	2986	2989
199	2989	2991	2993	2995	2997	2999	3002	3004	3006	3008	3010

## Logarithms of Sums and Differences.

A	6.	7.	8.	9.	0.	1.	2.	3.			
00	0.0000	0.0004	0.0043	0.0414	9	0.3010	50	1.0414	91	2.0043	3.0004
01	0.0000	0.0004	0.0044	0.0423	9	0.3061	51	1.0505	91	2.0142	3.0104
02	0.0000	0.0005	0.0045	0.0432	9	0.3111	51	1.0596	91	2.0241	3.0204
03	0.0000	0.0005	0.0046	0.0442	10	0.3163	52	1.0687	91	2.0340	3.0304
04	0.0000	0.0005	0.0047	0.0452	10	0.3215	52	1.0779	92	2.0439	3.0404
05	0.0000	0.0005	0.0048	0.0462	10	0.3267	53	1.0871	92	2.0539	3.0504
06	0.0000	0.0005	0.0050	0.0472	10	0.3321	53	1.0963	92	2.0638	3.0604
07	0.0001	0.0005	0.0051	0.0482	11	0.3374	54	1.1055	92	2.0737	3.0704
08	0.0001	0.0005	0.0052	0.0493	11	0.3429	55	1.1147	92	2.0836	3.0804
09	0.0001	0.0005	0.0053	0.0504	11	0.3484	55	1.1239	92	2.0935	3.0904
10	0.0001	0.0005	0.0054	0.0515	11	0.3539	56	1.1332	93	2.1034	3.1003
11	0.0001	0.0006	0.0056	0.0526	11	0.3595	56	1.1425	93	2.1134	3.1103
12	0.0001	0.0006	0.0057	0.0538	12	0.3652	57	1.1518	93	2.1233	3.1203
13	0.0001	0.0006	0.0058	0.0550	12	0.3709	57	1.1611	93	2.1332	3.1303
14	0.0001	0.0006	0.0060	0.0562	12	0.3766	58	1.1704	93	2.1431	3.1403
15	0.0001	0.0008	0.0061	0.0574	12	0.3825	59	1.1797	93	2.1531	3.1503
16	0.0001	0.0003	0.0062	0.0586	13	0.3884	59	1.1891	94	2.1630	3.1603
17	0.0001	0.0003	0.0064	0.0599	13	0.3943	60	1.1984	94	2.1729	3.1703
18	0.0001	0.0007	0.0065	0.0612	13	0.4003	60	1.2078	94	2.1829	3.1803
19	0.0001	0.0007	0.0067	0.0625	13	0.4063	61	1.2172	94	2.1928	3.1903
20	0.0001	0.0007	0.0058	0.0639	14	0.4124	61	1.2266	94	2.2027	3.2003
21	0.0001	0.0007	0.0070	0.0653	14	0.4186	62	1.2360	94	2.2127	3.2103
22	0.0001	0.0007	0.0071	0.0667	14	0.4248	62	1.2454	94	2.2226	3.2203
23	0.0001	0.0007	0.0073	0.0681	15	0.4311	63	1.2548	94	2.2325	3.2303
24	0.0001	0.0008	0.0075	0.0696	15	0.4374	63	1.2643	95	2.2425	3.2402
25	0.0001	0.0008	0.0077	0.0711	15	0.4438	64	1.2738	95	2.2524	3.2502
26	0.0001	0.0008	0.0078	0.0726	15	0.4502	65	1.2832	95	2.2624	3.2602
27	0.0001	0.0008	0.0080	0.0742	16	0.4567	65	1.2927	95	2.2723	3.2702
28	0.0001	0.0008	0.0082	0.0757	16	0.4632	66	1.3022	95	2.2823	3.2802
29	0.0001	0.0008	0.0084	0.0774	16	0.4698	66	1.3117	95	2.2922	3.2902
30	0.0001	0.0009	0.0086	0.0790	17	0.4764	67	1.3212	95	2.3022	3.3002
31	0.0001	0.0009	0.0088	0.0807	17	0.4831	67	1.3308	95	2.3121	3.3102
32	0.0001	0.0009	0.0090	0.0824	17	0.4899	68	1.3403	95	2.3221	3.3202
33	0.0001	0.0009	0.0092	0.0841	18	0.4966	68	1.3499	96	2.3320	3.3302
34	0.0001	0.0009	0.0094	0.0859	18	0.5035	69	1.3594	96	2.3420	3.3402
35	0.0001	0.0010	0.0036	0.0877	18	0.5104	69	1.3690	96	2.3519	3.3502
36	0.0001	0.0010	0.0098	0.0896	19	0.5173	70	1.3786	96	2.3619	3.3602
37	0.0001	0.0010	0.0101	0.0915	19	0.5243	70	1.3881	96	2.3718	3.3702
38	0.0001	0.0010	0.0103	0.0934	19	0.5313	71	1.3977	96	2.3818	3.3802
39	0.0001	0.0011	0.0105	0.0953	20	0.5384	71	1.4073	96	2.3918	3.3902
40	0.0001	0.0011	0.0108	0.0973	20	0.5455	72	1.4170	96	2.4017	3.4002
41	0.0001	0.0011	0.0110	0.0993	20	0.5527	72	1.4266	96	2.4117	3.4102
42	0.0001	0.0011	0.0113	0.1014	21	0.5599	72	1.4362	96	2.4216	3.4202
43	0.0001	0.0012	0.0115	0.1035	21	0.5672	73	1.4458	96	2.4316	3.4302
44	0.0001	0.0012	0.0118	0.1057	22	0.5745	73	1.4555	96	2.4416	3.4402
45	0.0001	0.0012	0.0121	0.1078	22	0.5819	74	1.4651	97	2.4515	3.4502
46	0.0001	0.0013	0.0123	0.1101	22	0.5893	74	1.4748	97	2.4615	3.4602
47	0.0001	0.0013	0.0126	0.1123	23	0.5967	75	1.4845	97	2.4715	3.4701
48	0.0001	0.0013	0.0129	0.1146	23	0.6042	75	1.4941	97	2.4814	3.4801
49	0.0001	0.0013	0.0132	0.1169	24	0.6118	76	1.5038	97	2.4914	3.4901
50	0.0001	0.0014	0.0135	0.1193	24	0.6193	76	1.5135	97	2.5014	3.5001

## Logarithms of Sums and Differences.

A	6.	7.	8.	9.	0.	1.	2.	3.
50	0.0001	0.0014	0.0135	0.1193 24	0.6193 76	1.5135 97	2.5014	3.5001
51	0.0001	0.0014	0.0138	0.1218 24	0.6269 76	1.5232 97	2.5113	3.5101
52	0.0001	0.0014	0.0141	0.1242 25	0.6346 77	1.5329 97	2.5213	3.5201
53	0.0001	0.0015	0.0145	0.1267 25	0.6423 77	1.5426 97	2.5313	3.5301
54	0.0002	0.0015	0.0148	0.1293 26	0.6501 78	1.5523 97	2.5413	3.5401
55	0.0002	0.0015	0.0151	0.1319 26	0.6578 78	1.5621 97	2.5512	3.5501
56	0.0002	0.0016	0.0155	0.1345 27	0.6657 78	1.5718 97	2.5612	3.5601
57	0.0002	0.0016	0.0158	0.1372 27	0.6735 79	1.5815 97	2.5712	3.5701
58	0.0002	0.0016	0.0162	0.1399 28	0.6814 79	1.5913 97	2.5811	3.5801
59	0.0002	0.0017	0.0166	0.1427 28	0.6893 80	1.6010 97	2.5911	3.5901
60	0.0002	0.0017	0.0170	0.1455 28	0.6973 80	1.6108 98	2.6011	3.6001
61	0.0002	0.0018	0.0173	0.1484 29	0.7053 80	1.6205 98	2.6111	3.6101
62	0.0002	0.0018	0.0177	0.1513 29	0.7134 81	1.6303 98	2.6210	3.6201
63	0.0002	0.0018	0.0181	0.1543 30	0.7215 81	1.6401 98	2.6310	3.6301
64	0.0002	0.0019	0.0186	0.1573 30	0.7296 81	1.6498 98	2.6410	3.6401
65	0.0002	0.0019	0.0190	0.1604 31	0.7377 82	1.6596 98	2.6510	3.6501
66	0.0002	0.0020	0.0194	0.1635 31	0.7459 82	1.6694 98	2.6609	3.6601
67	0.0002	0.0020	0.0199	0.1666 32	0.7541 82	1.6792 98	2.6709	3.6701
68	0.0002	0.0021	0.0203	0.1699 32	0.7624 83	1.6890 98	2.6809	3.6801
69	0.0002	0.0021	0.0208	0.1731 33	0.7707 83	1.6988 98	2.6909	3.6901
70	0.0002	0.0022	0.0212	0.1764 33	0.7790 83	1.7086 98	2.7009	3.7001
71	0.0002	0.0022	0.0217	0.1798 34	0.7874 84	1.7184 98	2.7108	3.7101
72	0.0002	0.0023	0.0222	0.1832 34	0.7957 84	1.7282 98	2.7208	3.7201
73	0.0002	0.0023	0.0227	0.1867 35	0.8042 84	1.7380 98	2.7308	3.7301
74	0.0002	0.0024	0.0232	0.1902 35	0.8126 85	1.7478 98	2.7408	3.7401
75	0.0002	0.0024	0.0238	0.1938 36	0.8211 85	1.7577 98	2.7508	3.7501
76	0.0002	0.0025	0.0243	0.1974 37	0.8296 85	1.7675 98	2.7608	3.7601
77	0.0003	0.0025	0.0248	0.2011 37	0.8381 85	1.7773 98	2.7707	3.7701
78	0.0003	0.0026	0.0254	0.2048 38	0.8467 86	1.7871 98	2.7807	3.7801
79	0.0003	0.0027	0.0260	0.2086 38	0.8553 86	1.7970 98	2.7907	3.7901
80	0.0003	0.0027	0.0266	0.2124 39	0.8639 86	1.8068 98	2.8007	3.8001
81	0.0003	0.0028	0.0272	0.2163 39	0.8725 87	1.8167 98	2.8107	3.8101
82	0.0003	0.0029	0.0278	0.2203 40	0.8812 87	1.8265 99	2.8207	3.8201
83	0.0003	0.0029	0.0284	0.2243 40	0.8899 87	1.8364 99	2.8306	3.8301
84	0.0003	0.0030	0.0291	0.2284 41	0.8986 87	1.8462 99	2.8406	3.8401
85	0.0003	0.0031	0.0297	0.2325 41	0.9074 88	1.8561 99	2.8506	3.8501
86	0.0003	0.0031	0.0304	0.2366 42	0.9162 88	1.8660 99	2.8606	3.8601
87	0.0003	0.0032	0.0311	0.2409 43	0.9250 88	1.8758 99	2.8706	3.8701
88	0.0003	0.0033	0.0318	0.2452 43	0.9338 88	1.8857 99	2.8806	3.8801
89	0.0003	0.0034	0.0325	0.2495 44	0.9426 89	1.8956 99	2.8906	3.8901
90	0.0003	0.0034	0.0332	0.2539 44	0.9515 89	1.9054 99	2.9005	3.9001
91	0.0004	0.0035	0.0339	0.2584 45	0.9604 89	1.9153 99	2.9105	3.9101
92	0.0004	0.0036	0.0347	0.2629 45	0.9693 89	1.9252 99	2.9205	3.9201
93	0.0004	0.0037	0.0355	0.2674 46	0.9782 89	1.9351 99	2.9305	3.9301
94	0.0004	0.0038	0.0363	0.2721 47	0.9872 90	1.9450 99	2.9405	3.9400
95	0.0004	0.0039	0.0371	0.2767 47	0.9962 90	1.9548 99	2.9505	3.9500
96	0.0004	0.0039	0.0379	0.2815 48	1.0052 90	1.9647 99	2.9605	3.9600
97	0.0004	0.0040	0.0387	0.2863 48	1.0142 90	1.9746 99	2.9705	3.9700
98	0.0004	0.0041	0.0396	0.2911 49	1.0232 91	1.9845 99	2.9805	3.9800
99	0.0004	0.0042	0.0405	0.2961 49	1.0323 91	1.9944 99	2.9904	3.9900
00	0.0004	0.0043	0.0414	0.3010 50	1.0414 91	2.0043 99	3.0004	4.0000

## Logarithms of Circular Functions.

$\phi$	$0^\circ$	l sin	l tn	l sc	$1^\circ$	l sin	l tn	l sc	$2^\circ$	l sin	l tn	l sc	
$00'$	— $\infty$	00			8.2419	19	72	01	8.5428	31	36	03	60'
$01'$	6.4637 37	00			8.2490	91	71	01	8.5464	67	36	03	59'
$02'$	6.7648 48	00			8.2561	62	70	01	8.5500	03	36	03	58'
$03'$	6.9408 08	00			8.2630	31	69	01	8.5535	38	35	03	57'
$04'$	7.0658 58	00			8.2699	*0	68	01	8.5571	73	35	03	56'
$05'$	7.1627 27	00			8.2766	67	67	01	8.5605	08	35	03	55'
$06'$	7.2419 19	00			8.2832	33	66	01	8.5640	43	34	03	54'
$07'$	7.3088 88	00			8.2898	99	65	01	8.5674	77	34	03	53'
$08'$	7.3668 68	00			8.2962	63	64	01	8.5708	11	34	03	52'
$09'$	7.4180 80	00			8.3025	26	63	01	8.5742	45	34	03	51'
$10'$	7.4637 37	00			8.3088	89	62	01	8.5776	79	33	03	50'
$11'$	7.5051 51	00			8.3150	50	61	01	8.5809	12	33	03	49'
$12'$	7.5429 29	00			8.3210	11	60	01	8.5842	45	33	03	48'
$13'$	7.5777 77	00			8.3270	71	59	01	8.5875	78	33	03	47'
$14'$	7.6099 99	00			8.3329	30	59	01	8.5907	11	32	03	46'
$15'$	7.6398 98	00			8.3388	89	58	01	8.5939	43	32	03	45'
$16'$	7.6678 78	00			8.3445	46	57	01	8.5972	75	32	03	44'
$17'$	7.6942 42	00			8.3502	03	56	01	8.6003	07	32	03	43'
$18'$	7.7190 90	00			8.3558	59	56	01	8.6035	38	31	04	42'
$19'$	7.7425 25	00			8.3613	14	55	01	8.6066	70	31	04	41'
$20'$	7.7648 48	00			8.3668	69	54	01	8.6097	*01	31	04	40'
$21'$	7.7859 60	00			8.3722	23	54	01	8.6128	32	31	04	39'
$22'$	7.8061 62	00			8.3775	76	53	01	8.6159	63	31	04	38'
$23'$	7.8255 55	00			8.3828	29	52	01	8.6189	93	30	04	37'
$24'$	7.8439 39	00			8.3880	81	52	01	8.6220	23	30	04	36'
$25'$	7.8617 17	00			8.3931	32	51	01	8.6250	54	30	04	35'
$26'$	7.8787 87	00			8.3982	83	51	01	8.6279	83	30	04	34'
$27'$	7.8951 51	00			8.4032	33	50	01	8.6309	13	30	04	33'
$28'$	7.9109 09	00			8.4082	83	49	01	8.6339	43	29	04	32'
$29'$	7.9261 61	00			8.4131	32	49	01	8.6368	72	29	04	31'
$30'$	7.9408 09	00			8.4179	81	48	01	8.6397	*01	29	04	30'
$31'$	7.9551 51	00			8.4227	29	48	02	8.6426	30	29	04	29'
$32'$	7.9689 89	00			8.4275	76	47	02	8.6454	59	29	04	28'
$33'$	7.9822 23 132	00			8.4322	23	47	02	8.6483	87	28	04	27'
$34'$	7.9952 52 128	00			8.4368	70	46	02	8.6511	15	28	04	26'
$35'$	8.0078 78 124	00			8.4414	16	46	02	8.6539	44	28	04	25'
$36'$	8.0200 00 121	00			8.4459	61	45	02	8.6567	71	28	04	24'
$37'$	8.0319 19 117	00			8.4504	06	45	02	8.6595	99	28	05	23'
$38'$	8.0435 35 114	00			8.4549	51	44	02	8.6622	27	27	05	22'
$39'$	8.0548 48 111	00			8.4593	95	44	02	8.6650	54	27	05	21'
$40'$	8.0658 58 109	00			8.4637	38	43	02	8.6677	82	27	05	20'
$41'$	8.0765 65 106	00			8.4680	82	43	02	8.6704	09	27	05	19'
$42'$	8.0870 70 103	00			8.4723	25	43	02	8.6731	36	27	05	18'
$43'$	8.0972 72 101	00			8.4765	67	42	02	8.6758	62	27	05	17'
$44'$	8.1072 72 99	00			8.4807	09	42	02	8.6784	89	26	05	16'
$45'$	8.1169 70 97	00			8.4848	51	41	02	8.6810	15	26	05	15'
$46'$	8.1265 65 94	00			8.4890	92	41	02	8.6837	42	26	05	14'
$47'$	8.1358 59 92	00			8.4930	33	41	02	8.6863	68	26	05	13'
$48'$	8.1450 50 90	00			8.4971	73	40	02	8.6889	94	26	05	12'
$49'$	8.1539 40 89	00			8.5011	13	40	02	8.6914	20	26	05	11'
$50'$	8.1627 27 87	00			8.5050	53	39	02	8.6940	45	26	05	10'
$51'$	8.1713 13 85	00			8.5090	92	39	02	8.6965	71	25	05	09'
$52'$	8.1797 98 84	00			8.5129	31	39	02	8.6991	96	25	05	08'
$53'$	8.1880 80 82	01			8.5167	70	38	02	8.7016	21	25	06	07'
$54'$	8.1961 62 80	01			8.5206	08	38	02	8.7041	46	25	06	06'
$55'$	8.2041 41 79	01			8.5243	46	38	02	8.7066	71	25	06	05'
$56'$	8.2119 20 78	01			8.5281	83	37	02	8.7090	96	25	06	04'
$57'$	8.2196 96 76	01			8.5318	21	37	03	8.7115	21	25	06	03'
$58'$	8.2271 72 75	01			8.5355	58	37	03	8.7140	45	24	06	02'
$59'$	8.2346 46 74	01			8.5392	94	37	03	8.7164	70	24	06	01'
$60'$	8.2419 19 72	01			8.5428	31	36	03	8.7188	94	24	06	00'

89° lcos lctn lsc 88° lcos lctn lsc 87° lcos lctn lsc

θ

## Logarithms of Circular Functions.

$\phi$	$3^\circ$	l sin ltn	lsc	$4^\circ$	l sin ltn	lsc	$5^\circ$	l sin ltn	lsc
00'	8.7188	94 24	06	8.8436	46 18	11	8.9403	20 14	17 <b>60'</b>
01'	8.7212	18 24	06	8.8454	65 18	11	8.9417	34 14	17 59'
02'	8.7236	42 24	06	8.8472	83 18	11	8.9432	49 14	17 58'
03'	8.7260	66 24	06	8.8490*01	18 18	11	8.9446	63 14	17 57'
04'	8.7283	90 24	06	8.8508	18 18	11	8.9460	77 14	17 56'
05'	8.7307	13 23	06	8.8525	36 18	11	8.9475	92 14	17 55'
06'	8.7330	37 23	06	8.8543	54 18	11	8.9489*06	14	17 54'
07'	8.7354	60 23	06	8.8560	72 18	11	8.9503	20 14	17 53'
08'	8.7377	83 23	06	8.8578	98 18	11	8.9517	34 14	17 52'
09'	8.7400	06 23	07	8.8595*07	17 17	11	8.9531	49 14	18 51'
10'	8.7423	29 23	07	8.8613	24 17	11	8.9545	63 14	18 50'
11'	8.7445	52 23	07	8.8630	42 17	12	8.9559	77 14	18 49'
12'	8.7468	75 23	07	8.8647	59 17	12	8.9573	91 14	18 48'
13'	8.7491	97 23	07	8.8665	76 17	12	8.9587*05	14	18 47'
14'	8.7513	20 22	07	8.8682	94 17	12	8.9601	19 14	18 46'
15'	8.7535	42 22	07	8.8699*11	17 17	12	8.9614	33 14	18 45'
16'	8.7557	65 22	07	8.8716	28 17	12	8.9628	46 14	18 44'
17'	8.7580	87 22	07	8.8733	45 17	12	8.9642	60 14	18 43'
18'	8.7602	09 22	07	8.8749	62 17	12	8.9655	74 14	18 42'
19'	8.7623	31 22	07	8.8766	78 17	12	8.9669	88 14	19 41'
20'	8.7645	52 22	07	8.8783	95 17	12	8.9682*01	14	19 <b>40'</b>
21'	8.7667	74 22	07	8.8799*12	17 17	13	8.9696*15	14	19 39'
22'	8.7688	96 22	08	8.8816	29 17	13	8.9709	29 14	19 38'
23'	8.7710	17 21	08	8.8833	45 17	13	8.9723	42 13	19 37'
24'	8.7731	39 21	08	8.8849	62 16	13	8.9736	56 13	19 36'
25'	8.7752	60 21	08	8.8865	78 16	13	8.9750	69 13	19 35'
26'	8.7773	81 21	08	8.8882	95 16	13	8.9763	82 13	20 34'
27'	8.7794*02	21	08	8.8898*11	16 16	13	8.9776	96 13	20 33'
28'	8.7815	23 21	08	8.8914	27 16	13	8.9789*09	13	20 32'
29'	8.7836	44 21	08	8.8930	44 16	13	8.9803	23 13	20 31'
30'	8.7857	65 21	08	8.8946	60 16	13	8.9816	36 13	20 <b>30'</b>
31'	8.7877	86 21	08	8.8962	76 16	14	8.9829	49 13	20 29'
32'	8.7898*06	20	08	8.8978	92 16	14	8.9842	62 13	20 28'
33'	8.7918	27 20	08	8.8994*08	16 16	14	8.9855	75 13	20 27'
34'	8.7939	47 20	08	8.9010	24 16	14	8.9868	88 13	21 26'
35'	8.7959	67 20	08	8.9026	40 16	14	8.9881*01	13	21 <b>25'</b>
36'	8.7979	88 20	09	8.9042	56 16	14	8.9894*15	13	21 24'
37'	8.7999*08	20	09	8.9057	71 16	14	8.9907	28 13	21 23'
38'	8.8019	28 20	09	8.9073	87 16	14	8.9919	40 13	21 22'
39'	8.8039	48 20	09	8.9089*03	16	14	8.9932	53 13	21 21'
40'	8.8059	67 20	09	8.9104	18 16	14	8.9945	66 13	21 <b>20'</b>
41'	8.8078	87 20	09	8.9119	34 15	15	8.9958	79 13	21 19'
42'	8.8098*07	20	09	8.9135	50 15	15	8.9970	92 13	22 18'
43'	8.8117	26 19	09	8.9150	65 15	15	8.9983*05	13	22 17'
44'	8.8137	46 19	09	8.9166	80 15	15	8.9996*17	13	22 16'
45'	8.8156	65 19	09	8.9181	96 15	15	9.0008	30 13	22 <b>15'</b>
46'	8.8175	85 19	09	8.9196*11	15 15	15	9.0021	43 13	22 14'
47'	8.8194*04	19	09	8.9211	26 15	15	9.0033	56 13	22 13'
48'	8.8213	23 19	10	8.9226	41 15	15	9.0046	68 12	22 12'
49'	8.8232	42 19	10	8.9241	56 15	15	9.0058	80 12	22 11'
50'	8.8251	61 19	10	8.9256	72 15	15	9.0070	93 12	23 <b>10'</b>
51'	8.8270	80 19	10	8.9271	87 15	16	9.0083*05	12	23 09'
52'	8.8289	99 19	10	8.9286*02	15 15	16	9.0095*18	12	23 08'
53'	8.8307	17 19	10	8.9301	36 15	16	9.0107	30 12	23 07'
54'	8.8326	36 19	10	8.9315	51 15	16	9.0120	43 12	23 06'
55'	8.8345	55 19	10	8.9330	66 15	16	9.0132	55 12	23 <b>05'</b>
56'	8.8363	73 18	10	8.9345	81 15	16	9.0144	67 12	23 04'
57'	8.8381	92 18	10	8.9359	96 15	16	9.0156	80 12	23 03'
58'	8.8400	10 18	10	8.9374	90 15	16	9.0168	92 12	24 02'
59'	8.8418	28 18	11	8.9388*05	15 15	16	9.0180*04	12	24 01'
60'	8.8436	46 18	11	8.9403	20 14	17	9.0192*16	12	24 <b>00'</b>

86° lcos lctn lsc

85° lcos lctn lsc

84° lcos lctn lsc

θ

## Logarithms of Circular Functions.

$\phi$	S	$l \sin \phi$	$\phi$	T	$l \tan \phi$	$\phi$	$l \sec \phi$	$\phi$	$l \csc \phi$
<b>6.46</b>			<b>6.46</b>			<b>0.00</b>		<b>0.00</b>	
0°00'0.000		-∞	0°00'0.000		-∞	0°00'0.000		4°20'.701	
37			0°44'.155	37	8.1087	0°52'.164	00	4°30'.918	13
1°51'.479		8.5108	1°40'.555	38	8.4663	1°30'.348	01	4°40'.762	14
2°49'.567		8.6929	2°15'.168	39	8.5948	1°56'.634	02	4°50'.271	15
3°32'.313		8.7904	2°42'.563	40	8.6751	2°17'.998	03	4°59'.477	16
34			3°05'.959	41	8.7336	2°36'.469	04	5°08'.407	17
4°07'.789		8.8574	3°26'.717	42	8.7796	2°52'.976	05	5°17'.084	18
33			3°45'.567	43	8.8176	3°08'.038	06	5°25'.528	19
4°38'.783		8.9085	4°02'.954	44	8.8500	3°21'.977	07	5°33'.758	20
32			4°19'.171	45	8.8781	3°35'.016	08	5°41'.789	21
5°32'.201		8.9845	4°34'.427	46	8.9031	3°47'.300	09	5°49'.633	22
30			4°48'.875	47	8.9255	3°58'.955	10	5°57'.305	23
5°55'.913		9.0143	5°02'.628	48	8.9458	4°10'.064	11	6°04'.814	24
29			5°15'.780	49	8.9643	4°20'.701	12	6°12'.170	25
6°18'.138		9.0405	5°28'.401	50	8.9815				
			5°40'.550	51	8.9973				
			5°52'.278	52	9.0121				
			6°03'.623	53	9.0260				

$\phi$	$l \sin \phi$	$l \csc \phi$	$l \tan \phi$	$l \ctn \phi$	$l \sec \phi$	$l \cos \phi$			
<b>6° 00'</b>	9.0192	120	0.9808	9.0216	122	0.9784	0.0024 1	9.9976	<b>84° 00'</b>
6° 10'	9.0311	117	0.9689	9.0336	118	0.9664	0.0025 1	9.9975	83° 50'
6° 20'	9.0426	114	0.9574	9.0453	115	0.9547	0.0027 1	9.9973	83° 40'
6° 30'	9.0539	111	0.9461	9.0567	112	0.9433	0.0028 1	9.9972	83° 30'
6° 40'	9.0648	108	0.9352	9.0678	110	0.9322	0.0029 1	9.9971	83° 20'
6° 50'	9.0755	105	0.9245	9.0786	107	0.9214	0.0031 2	9.9969	83° 10'
<b>7° 00'</b>	9.0859	103	0.9141	9.0891	104	0.9109	0.0032 2	9.9968	<b>83° 00'</b>
7° 10'	9.0961	100	0.9039	9.0995	102	0.9005	0.0034 2	9.9966	82° 50'
7° 20'	9.1060	98	0.8940	9.1096	100	0.8904	0.0036 2	9.9964	82° 40'
7° 30'	9.1157	96	0.8843	9.1194	98	0.8806	0.0037 2	9.9963	82° 30'
7° 40'	9.1252	94	0.8748	9.1291	96	0.8709	0.0039 2	9.9961	82° 20'
7° 50'	9.1345	92	0.8655	9.1385	94	0.8615	0.0041 2	9.9959	82° 10'
<b>8° 00'</b>	9.1436	90	0.8564	9.1478	92	0.8522	0.0042 2	9.9958	<b>82° 00'</b>
8° 10'	9.1525	88	0.8475	9.1569	90	0.8431	0.0044 2	9.9956	81° 50'
8° 20'	9.1612	86	0.8388	9.1658	88	0.8342	0.0046 2	9.9954	81° 40'
8° 30'	9.1697	85	0.8303	9.1745	86	0.8255	0.0048 2	9.9952	81° 30'
8° 40'	9.1781	83	0.8219	9.1831	85	0.8169	0.0050 2	9.9950	81° 20'
8° 50'	9.1863	81	0.8137	9.1915	83	0.8085	0.0052 2	9.9948	81° 10'
<b>9° 00'</b>	9.1943	80	0.8057	9.1997	82	0.8003	0.0054 2	9.9946	<b>81° 00'</b>
9° 10'	9.2022	78	0.7978	9.2078	80	0.7922	0.0056 2	9.9944	80° 50'
9° 20'	9.2100	77	0.7900	9.2158	79	0.7842	0.0058 2	9.9942	80° 40'
9° 30'	9.2176	75	0.7824	9.2236	78	0.7764	0.0060 2	9.9940	80° 30'
9° 40'	9.2251	74	0.7749	9.2313	76	0.7687	0.0062 2	9.9938	80° 20'
9° 50'	9.2324	73	0.7676	9.2389	75	0.7611	0.0064 2	9.9936	80° 10'
<b>10° 00'</b>	9.2397	72	0.7603	9.2463	74	0.7537	0.0066 2	9.9934	<b>80° 00'</b>
	$l \cos \theta$	$l \sec \theta$	$l \ctn \theta$	$l \tan \theta$	$l \csc \theta$	$l \sin \theta$			$\theta$

## Logarithms of Circular Functions.

$\phi$	$\log \sin \phi$	$\log \csc \phi$	$\log \tan \phi$	$\log \operatorname{ctn} \phi$	$\log \sec \phi$	$\log \cos \phi$	
<b>10° 00'</b>	9.2397 72 0.7603	9.2463 74 0.7537	9.2463 74 0.7537	0.0066 2 9.9934			<b>80° 00'</b>
10° 10'	9.2468 70 0.7532	9.2536 73 0.7464	9.2536 73 0.7464	0.0069 2 9.9931			79° 50'
10° 20'	9.2538 69 0.7462	9.2609 72 0.7391	9.2609 72 0.7391	0.0071 2 9.9929			79° 40'
10° 30'	9.2606 68 0.7394	9.2680 71 0.7320	9.2680 71 0.7320	0.0073 2 9.9927			79° 30'
10° 40'	9.2674 67 0.7326	9.2750 69 0.7250	9.2750 69 0.7250	0.0076 2 9.9924			79° 20'
10° 50'	9.2740 66 0.7260	9.2819 68 0.7181	9.2819 68 0.7181	0.0078 2 9.9922			79° 10'
<b>11° 00'</b>	9.2806 65 0.7194	9.2887 67 0.7113	9.2887 67 0.7113	0.0081 2 9.9919			<b>79° 00'</b>
11° 10'	9.2870 64 0.7130	9.2953 66 0.7047	9.2953 66 0.7047	0.0083 2 9.9917			78° 50'
11° 20'	9.2934 63 0.7066	9.3020 66 0.6980	9.3020 66 0.6980	0.0086 3 9.9914			78° 40'
11° 30'	9.2997 62 0.7003	9.3085 65 0.6915	9.3085 65 0.6915	0.0088 3 9.9912			78° 30'
11° 40'	9.3058 61 0.6942	9.3149 64 0.6851	9.3149 64 0.6851	0.0091 3 9.9909			78° 20'
11° 50'	9.3119 60 0.6881	9.3212 63 0.6788	9.3212 63 0.6788	0.0093 3 9.9907			78° 10'
<b>12° 00'</b>	9.3179 59 0.6821	9.3275 62 0.6725	9.3275 62 0.6725	0.0096 3 9.9904			<b>78° 00'</b>
12° 10'	9.3238 59 0.6762	9.3336 61 0.6664	9.3336 61 0.6664	0.0099 3 9.9901			77° 50'
12° 20'	9.3296 58 0.6704	9.3397 61 0.6603	9.3397 61 0.6603	0.0101 3 9.9899			77° 40'
12° 30'	9.3353 57 0.6647	9.3458 60 0.6542	9.3458 60 0.6542	0.0104 3 9.9896			77° 30'
12° 40'	9.3410 56 0.6590	9.3517 59 0.6483	9.3517 59 0.6483	0.0107 3 9.9893			77° 20'
12° 50'	9.3466 55 0.6534	9.3576 58 0.6424	9.3576 58 0.6424	0.0110 3 9.9890			77° 10'
<b>13° 00'</b>	9.3521 55 0.6479	9.3634 58 0.6366	9.3634 58 0.6366	0.0113 3 9.9887			<b>77° 00'</b>
13° 10'	9.3575 54 0.6425	9.3691 57 0.6309	9.3691 57 0.6309	0.0116 3 9.9884			76° 50'
13° 20'	9.3629 53 0.6371	9.3748 56 0.6252	9.3748 56 0.6252	0.0119 3 9.9881			76° 40'
13° 30'	9.3682 53 0.6318	9.3804 56 0.6196	9.3804 56 0.6196	0.0122 3 9.9878			76° 30'
13° 40'	9.3734 52 0.6266	9.3859 55 0.6141	9.3859 55 0.6141	0.0125 3 9.9875			76° 20'
13° 50'	9.3786 51 0.6214	9.3914 54 0.6086	9.3914 54 0.6086	0.0128 3 9.9872			76° 10'
<b>14° 00'</b>	9.3837 51 0.6163	9.3968 54 0.6032	9.3968 54 0.6032	0.0131 3 9.9869			<b>76° 00'</b>
14° 10'	9.3887 50 0.6113	9.4021 53 0.5979	9.4021 53 0.5979	0.0134 3 9.9866			75° 50'
14° 20'	9.3937 49 0.6063	9.4074 53 0.5926	9.4074 53 0.5926	0.0137 3 9.9863			75° 40'
14° 30'	9.3986 49 0.6014	9.4127 52 0.5873	9.4127 52 0.5873	0.0141 3 9.9859			75° 30'
14° 40'	9.4035 48 0.5965	9.4178 52 0.5822	9.4178 52 0.5822	0.0144 3 9.9856			75° 20'
14° 50'	9.4083 48 0.5917	9.4230 51 0.5770	9.4230 51 0.5770	0.0147 3 9.9853			75° 10'
<b>15° 00'</b>	9.4130 47 0.5870	9.4281 51 0.5719	9.4281 51 0.5719	0.0151 3 9.9849			<b>75° 00'</b>
15° 10'	9.4177 47 0.5823	9.4331 50 0.5669	9.4331 50 0.5669	0.0154 3 9.9846			74° 50'
15° 20'	9.4223 46 0.5777	9.4381 50 0.5619	9.4381 50 0.5619	0.0157 3 9.9843			74° 40'
15° 30'	9.4269 46 0.5731	9.4430 49 0.5570	9.4430 49 0.5570	0.0161 4 9.9839			74° 30'
15° 40'	9.4314 45 0.5686	9.4479 49 0.5521	9.4479 49 0.5521	0.0164 4 9.9836			74° 20'
15° 50'	9.4359 45 0.5641	9.4527 48 0.5473	9.4527 48 0.5473	0.0168 4 9.9832			74° 10'
<b>16° 00'</b>	9.4403 44 0.5597	9.4575 48 0.5425	9.4575 48 0.5425	0.0172 4 9.9828			<b>74° 00'</b>
16° 10'	9.4447 44 0.5553	9.4622 47 0.5378	9.4622 47 0.5378	0.0175 4 9.9825			73° 50'
16° 20'	9.4491 43 0.5509	9.4669 47 0.5331	9.4669 47 0.5331	0.0179 4 9.9821			73° 40'
16° 30'	9.4533 43 0.5467	9.4716 46 0.5284	9.4716 46 0.5284	0.0183 4 9.9817			73° 30'
16° 40'	9.4576 42 0.5424	9.4762 46 0.5238	9.4762 46 0.5238	0.0186 4 9.9814			73° 20'
16° 50'	9.4618 42 0.5382	9.4808 46 0.5192	9.4808 46 0.5192	0.0190 4 9.9810			73° 10'
<b>17° 00'</b>	9.4659 41 0.5341	9.4853 45 0.5147	9.4853 45 0.5147	0.0194 4 9.9806			<b>73° 00'</b>
	$\log \cos \theta$	$\log \sec \theta$	$\log \operatorname{ctn} \theta$	$\log \tan \theta$	$\log \csc \theta$	$\log \sin \theta$	$\theta$

## Logarithms of Circular Functions.

$\phi$	$l \sin \phi$	$l \csc \phi$	$l \tan \phi$	$l \ctn \phi$	$l \sec \phi$	$l \cos \phi$	
<b>17° 00'</b>	9.4659 41 0.5341	9.4853 45 0.5147	0.0194 4 9.9806				<b>73° 00'</b>
17° 10'	9.4700 41 0.5300	9.4898 45 0.5102	0.0198 4 9.9802				72° 50'
17° 20'	9.4741 40 0.5259	9.4943 44 0.5057	0.0202 4 9.9798				72° 40'
17° 30'	9.4781 40 0.5219	9.4987 44 0.5013	0.0206 4 9.9794				72° 30'
17° 40'	9.4821 40 0.5179	9.5031 44 0.4969	0.0210 4 9.9790				72° 20'
17° 50'	9.4861 39 0.5139	9.5075 43 0.4925	0.0214 4 9.9786				72° 10'
<b>18° 00'</b>	9.4900 39 0.5100	9.5118 43 0.4882	0.0218 4 9.9782				<b>72° 00'</b>
18° 10'	9.4939 38 0.5061	9.5161 43 0.4839	0.0222 4 9.9778				71° 50'
18° 20'	9.4977 38 0.5023	9.5203 42 0.4797	0.0226 4 9.9774				71° 40'
18° 30'	9.5015 38 0.4985	9.5245 42 0.4755	0.0230 4 9.9770				71° 30'
18° 40'	9.5052 37 0.4948	9.5287 42 0.4713	0.0235 4 9.9765				71° 20'
18° 50'	9.5090 37 0.4910	9.5329 41 0.4671	0.0239 4 9.9761				71° 10'
<b>19° 00'</b>	9.5126 37 0.4874	9.5370 41 0.4630	0.0243 4 9.9757				<b>71° 00'</b>
19° 10'	9.5163 36 0.4837	9.5411 41 0.4589	0.0248 4 9.9752				70° 50'
19° 20'	9.5199 36 0.4801	9.5451 40 0.4549	0.0252 4 9.9748				70° 40'
19° 30'	9.5235 36 0.4765	9.5491 40 0.4509	0.0257 4 9.9743				70° 30'
19° 40'	9.5270 35 0.4730	9.5531 40 0.4469	0.0261 5 9.9739				70° 20'
19° 50'	9.5306 35 0.4694	9.5571 40 0.4429	0.0266 5 9.9734				70° 10'
<b>20° 00'</b>	9.5341 35 0.4659	9.5611 39 0.4389	0.0270 5 9.9730				<b>70° 00'</b>
20° 10'	9.5375 34 0.4625	9.5650 39 0.4350	0.0275 5 9.9725				69° 50'
20° 20'	9.5409 34 0.4591	9.5689 39 0.4311	0.0279 5 9.9721				69° 40'
20° 30'	9.5443 34 0.4557	9.5727 39 0.4273	0.0284 5 9.9716				69° 30'
20° 40'	9.5477 33 0.4523	9.5766 38 0.4234	0.0289 5 9.9711				69° 20'
20° 50'	9.5510 33 0.4490	9.5804 38 0.4196	0.0294 5 9.9706				69° 10'
<b>21° 00'</b>	9.5543 33 0.4457	9.5842 38 0.4158	0.0298 5 9.9702				<b>69° 00'</b>
21° 10'	9.5576 33 0.4424	9.5879 38 0.4121	0.0303 5 9.9697				68° 50'
21° 20'	9.5609 32 0.4391	9.5917 37 0.4083	0.0308 5 9.9692				68° 40'
21° 30'	9.5641 32 0.4359	9.5954 37 0.4046	0.0313 5 9.9687				68° 30'
21° 40'	9.5673 32 0.4327	9.5991 37 0.4009	0.0318 5 9.9682				68° 20'
21° 50'	9.5704 32 0.4296	9.6028 37 0.3972	0.0323 5 9.9677				68° 10'
<b>22° 00'</b>	9.5736 31 0.4264	9.6064 36 0.3936	0.0328 5 9.9672				<b>68° 00'</b>
22° 10'	9.5767 31 0.4233	9.6100 36 0.3900	0.0333 5 9.9667				67° 50'
22° 20'	9.5798 31 0.4202	9.6136 36 0.3864	0.0339 5 9.9661				67° 40'
22° 30'	9.5828 30 0.4172	9.6172 36 0.3828	0.0344 5 9.9656				67° 30'
22° 40'	9.5859 30 0.4141	9.6208 36 0.3792	0.0349 5 9.9651				67° 20'
22° 50'	9.5889 30 0.4111	9.6243 35 0.3757	0.0354 5 9.9646				67° 10'
<b>23° 00'</b>	9.5919 30 0.4081	9.6279 35 0.3721	0.0360 5 9.9640				<b>67° 00'</b>
23° 10'	9.5948 30 0.4052	9.6314 35 0.3686	0.0365 5 9.9635				66° 50'
23° 20'	9.5978 29 0.4022	9.6348 35 0.3652	0.0371 5 9.9629				66° 40'
23° 30'	9.6007 29 0.3993	9.6383 35 0.3617	0.0376 5 9.9624				66° 30'
23° 40'	9.6036 29 0.3964	9.6417 34 0.3583	0.0382 6 9.9618				66° 20'
23° 50'	9.6065 29 0.3935	9.6452 34 0.3548	0.0387 6 9.9613				66° 10'
<b>24° 00'</b>	9.6093 28 0.3907	9.6486 34 0.3514	0.0393 6 9.9607				<b>66° 00'</b>
	$l \cos \theta$	$l \sec \theta$	$l \ctn \theta$	$l \tan \theta$	$l \csc \theta$	$l \sin \theta$	$\theta$

## Logarithms of Circular Functions.

$\phi$	$\log \sin \phi$	$\log \csc \phi$	$\log \tan \phi$	$\log \operatorname{ctn} \phi$	$\log \sec \phi$	$\log \cos \phi$	
<b>24° 00'</b>	9.6093 28 0.3907	9.6486 34 0.3514	0.0393 6 9.9607				<b>66° 00'</b>
24° 10'	9.6121 28 0.3879	9.6520 34 0.3480	0.0398 6 9.9602				65° 50'
24° 20'	9.6149 28 0.3851	9.6553 34 0.3447	0.0404 6 9.9596				65° 40'
24° 30'	9.6177 28 0.3823	9.6587 33 0.3413	0.0410 6 9.9590				65° 30'
24° 40'	9.6205 28 0.3795	9.6620 33 0.3380	0.0416 6 9.9584				65° 20'
24° 50'	9.6232 27 0.3768	9.6654 33 0.3346	0.0421 6 9.9579				65° 10'
<b>25° 00'</b>	9.6259 27 0.3741	9.6687 33 0.3313	0.0427 6 9.9573				<b>65° 00'</b>
25° 10'	9.6286 27 0.3714	9.6720 33 0.3280	0.0433 6 9.9567				64° 50'
25° 20'	9.6313 27 0.3687	9.6752 33 0.3248	0.0439 6 9.9561				64° 40'
25° 30'	9.6340 26 0.3660	9.6785 33 0.3215	0.0445 6 9.9555				64° 30'
25° 40'	9.6366 26 0.3634	9.6817 32 0.3183	0.0451 6 9.9549				64° 20'
25° 50'	9.6392 26 0.3608	9.6850 32 0.3150	0.0457 6 9.9543				64° 10'
<b>26° 00'</b>	9.6418 26 0.3582	9.6882 32 0.3118	0.0463 6 9.9537				<b>64° 00'</b>
26° 10'	9.6444 26 0.3556	9.6914 32 0.3086	0.0470 6 9.9530				63° 50'
26° 20'	9.6470 26 0.3530	9.6946 32 0.3054	0.0476 6 9.9524				63° 40'
26° 30'	9.6495 25 0.3505	9.6977 32 0.3023	0.0482 6 9.9518				63° 30'
26° 40'	9.6521 25 0.3479	9.7009 31 0.2991	0.0488 6 9.9512				63° 20'
26° 50'	9.6546 25 0.3454	9.7040 31 0.2960	0.0495 6 9.9505				63° 10'
<b>27° 00'</b>	9.6570 25 0.3430	9.7072 31 0.2928	0.0501 6 9.9499				<b>63° 00'</b>
27° 10'	9.6595 25 0.3405	9.7103 31 0.2897	0.0508 6 9.9492				62° 50'
27° 20'	9.6620 24 0.3380	9.7134 31 0.2866	0.0514 7 9.9486				62° 40'
27° 30'	9.6644 24 0.3356	9.7165 31 0.2835	0.0521 7 9.9479				62° 30'
27° 40'	9.6668 24 0.3332	9.7196 31 0.2804	0.0527 7 9.9473				62° 20'
27° 50'	9.6692 24 0.3308	9.7226 31 0.2774	0.0534 7 9.9466				62° 10'
<b>28° 00'</b>	9.6716 24 0.3284	9.7257 30 0.2743	0.0541 7 9.9459				<b>62° 00'</b>
28° 10'	9.6740 24 0.3260	9.7287 30 0.2713	0.0547 7 9.9453				61° 50'
28° 20'	9.6763 23 0.3237	9.7317 30 0.2683	0.0554 7 9.9446				61° 40'
28° 30'	9.6787 23 0.3213	9.7348 30 0.2652	0.0561 7 9.9439				61° 30'
28° 40'	9.6810 23 0.3190	9.7378 30 0.2622	0.0568 7 9.9432				61° 20'
28° 50'	9.6833 23 0.3167	9.7408 30 0.2592	0.0575 7 9.9425				61° 10'
<b>29° 00'</b>	9.6856 23 0.3144	9.7438 30 0.2562	0.0582 7 9.9418				<b>61° 00'</b>
29° 10'	9.6878 23 0.3122	9.7467 30 0.2533	0.0589 7 9.9411				60° 50'
29° 20'	9.6901 22 0.3099	9.7497 30 0.2503	0.0596 7 9.9404				60° 40'
29° 30'	9.6923 22 0.3077	9.7526 29 0.2474	0.0603 7 9.9397				60° 30'
29° 40'	9.6946 22 0.3054	9.7556 29 0.2444	0.0610 7 9.9390				60° 20'
29° 50'	9.6968 22 0.3032	9.7585 29 0.2415	0.0617 7 9.9383				60° 10'
<b>30° 00'</b>	9.6990 22 0.3010	9.7614 29 0.2386	0.0625 7 9.9375				<b>60° 00'</b>
30° 10'	9.7012 22 0.2988	9.7644 29 0.2356	0.0632 7 9.9368				59° 50'
30° 20'	9.7033 22 0.2967	9.7673 29 0.2327	0.0639 7 9.9361				59° 40'
30° 30'	9.7055 21 0.2945	9.7701 29 0.2299	0.0647 7 9.9353				59° 30'
30° 40'	9.7076 21 0.2924	9.7730 29 0.2270	0.0654 7 9.9346				59° 20'
30° 50'	9.7097 21 0.2903	9.7759 29 0.2241	0.0662 8 9.9338				59° 10'
<b>31° 00'</b>	9.7118 21 0.2882	9.7788 29 0.2212	0.0669 8 9.9331				<b>59° 00'</b>
	$\log \cos \theta$	$\log \sec \theta$	$\log \operatorname{ctn} \theta$	$\log \tan \theta$	$\log \csc \theta$	$\log \sin \theta$	$\theta$

## Logarithms of Circular Functions.

$\phi$	$\log \sin \phi$	$\log \csc \phi$	$\log \tan \phi$	$\log \operatorname{ctn} \phi$	$\log \sec \phi$	$\log \cos \phi$	
<b>31° 00'</b>	9.7118 21 0.2882	9.7788 29 0.2212	0.0669 8 9.9331				<b>59° 00'</b>
31° 10'	9.7139 21 0.2861	9.7816 29 0.2184	0.0677 8 9.9323				58° 50'
31° 20'	9.7160 21 0.2840	9.7845 28 0.2155	0.0685 8 9.9315				58° 40'
31° 30'	9.7181 21 0.2819	9.7873 28 0.2127	0.0692 8 9.9308				58° 30'
31° 40'	9.7201 20 0.2799	9.7902 28 0.2098	0.0700 8 9.9300				58° 20'
31° 50'	9.7222 20 0.2778	9.7930 28 0.2070	0.0708 8 9.9292				58° 10'
<b>32° 00'</b>	9.7242 20 0.2758	9.7958 28 0.2042	0.0716 8 9.9284				<b>58° 00'</b>
32° 10'	9.7262 20 0.2738	9.7986 28 0.2014	0.0724 8 9.9276				57° 50'
32° 20'	9.7282 20 0.2718	9.8014 28 0.1986	0.0732 8 9.9268				57° 40'
32° 30'	9.7302 20 0.2698	9.8042 28 0.1958	0.0740 8 9.9260				57° 30'
32° 40'	9.7322 20 0.2678	9.8070 28 0.1930	0.0748 8 9.9252				57° 20'
32° 50'	9.7342 20 0.2658	9.8097 28 0.1903	0.0756 8 9.9244				57° 10'
<b>33° 00'</b>	9.7361 19 0.2639	9.8125 28 0.1875	0.0764 8 9.9238				<b>57° 00'</b>
33° 10'	9.7380 19 0.2620	9.8153 28 0.1847	0.0772 8 9.9228				56° 50'
33° 20'	9.7400 19 0.2600	9.8180 28 0.1820	0.0781 8 9.9219				56° 40'
33° 30'	9.7419 19 0.2581	9.8208 27 0.1792	0.0789 8 9.9211				56° 30'
33° 40'	9.7438 19 0.2562	9.8235 27 0.1765	0.0797 8 9.9203				56° 20'
33° 50'	9.7457 19 0.2543	9.8263 27 0.1737	0.0806 8 9.9194				56° 10'
<b>34° 00'</b>	9.7476 19 0.2524	9.8290 27 0.1710	0.0814 9 9.9186				<b>56° 00'</b>
34° 10'	9.7494 19 0.2506	9.8317 27 0.1683	0.0823 9 9.9177				55° 50'
34° 20'	9.7513 18 0.2487	9.8344 27 0.1656	0.0831 9 9.9169				55° 40'
34° 30'	9.7531 18 0.2469	9.8371 27 0.1629	0.0840 9 9.9160				55° 30'
34° 40'	9.7550 18 0.2450	9.8398 27 0.1602	0.0849 9 9.9151				55° 20'
34° 50'	9.7568 18 0.2432	9.8425 27 0.1575	0.0858 9 9.9142				55° 10'
<b>35° 00'</b>	9.7586 18 0.2414	9.8452 27 0.1548	0.0866 9 9.9134				<b>55° 00'</b>
35° 10'	9.7604 18 0.2396	9.8479 27 0.1521	0.0875 9 9.9125				54° 50'
35° 20'	9.7622 18 0.2378	9.8506 27 0.1494	0.0884 9 9.9116				54° 40'
35° 30'	9.7640 18 0.2360	9.8533 27 0.1467	0.0893 9 9.9107				54° 30'
35° 40'	9.7657 18 0.2343	9.8559 27 0.1441	0.0902 9 9.9098				54° 20'
35° 50'	9.7675 17 0.2325	9.8586 27 0.1414	0.0911 9 9.9089				54° 10'
<b>36° 00'</b>	9.7692 17 0.2308	9.8613 27 0.1387	0.0920 9 9.9080				<b>54° 00'</b>
36° 10'	9.7710 17 0.2290	9.8639 27 0.1361	0.0930 9 9.9070				53° 50'
36° 20'	9.7727 17 0.2273	9.8666 26 0.1334	0.0939 9 9.9061				53° 40'
36° 30'	9.7744 17 0.2256	9.8692 26 0.1308	0.0948 9 9.9052				53° 30'
36° 40'	9.7761 17 0.2239	9.8718 26 0.1282	0.0958 9 9.9042				53° 20'
36° 50'	9.7778 17 0.2222	9.8745 26 0.1255	0.0967 9 9.9033				53° 10'
<b>37° 00'</b>	9.7795 17 0.2205	9.8771 26 0.1229	0.0977 10 9.9023				<b>53° 00'</b>
37° 10'	9.7811 17 0.2189	9.8797 26 0.1203	0.0986 10 9.9014				52° 50'
37° 20'	9.7828 17 0.2172	9.8824 26 0.1176	0.0996 10 9.9004				52° 40'
37° 30'	9.7844 16 0.2156	9.8850 26 0.1150	0.1005 10 9.8995				52° 30'
37° 40'	9.7861 16 0.2139	9.8876 26 0.1124	0.1015 10 9.8985				52° 20'
37° 50'	9.7877 16 0.2123	9.8902 26 0.1098	0.1025 10 9.8975				52° 10'
<b>38° 00'</b>	9.7893 16 0.2107	9.8928 26 0.1072	0.1035 10 9.8965				<b>52° 00'</b>
	$\log \cos \theta$	$\log \sec \theta$	$\log \operatorname{ctn} \theta$	$\log \tan \theta$	$\log \csc \theta$	$\log \sin \theta$	$\theta$

## Logarithms of Circular Functions.

$\phi$	$\lg \sin \phi$	$\lg \csc \phi$	$\lg \tan \phi$	$\lg \operatorname{ctn} \phi$	$\lg \sec \phi$	$\lg \cos \phi$	
<b>38° 00'</b>	9.7893 16 0.2107	9.8928 26 0.1072	0.1035 10 9.8965				<b>52° 00'</b>
38° 10'	9.7910 16 0.2090	9.8954 26 0.1048	0.1045 10 9.8955				51° 50'
38° 20'	9.7926 16 0.2074	9.8980 26 0.1020	0.1055 10 9.8945				51° 40'
38° 30'	9.7941 16 0.2059	9.9006 26 0.0994	0.1065 10 9.8935				51° 30'
38° 40'	9.7957 16 0.2043	9.9032 26 0.0968	0.1075 10 9.8925				51° 20'
38° 50'	9.7973 16 0.2027	9.9058 26 0.0942	0.1085 10 9.8915				51° 10'
<b>39° 00'</b>	9.7989 16 0.2011	9.9084 26 0.0916	0.1095 10 9.8905				<b>51° 00'</b>
39° 10'	9.8004 16 0.1996	9.9110 26 0.0890	0.1105 10 9.8895				50° 50'
39° 20'	9.8020 15 0.1980	9.9135 26 0.0865	0.1116 10 9.8884				50° 40'
39° 30'	9.8035 15 0.1965	9.9161 26 0.0839	0.1126 10 9.8874				50° 30'
39° 40'	9.8050 15 0.1950	9.9187 26 0.0813	0.1136 10 9.8864				50° 20'
39° 50'	9.8066 15 0.1934	9.9212 26 0.0788	0.1147 11 9.8853				50° 10'
<b>40° 00'</b>	9.8081 15 0.1919	9.9238 26 0.0762	0.1157 11 9.8843				<b>50° 00'</b>
40° 10'	9.8096 15 0.1904	9.9264 26 0.0736	0.1168 11 9.8832				49° 50'
40° 20'	9.8111 15 0.1889	9.9289 26 0.0711	0.1179 11 9.8821				49° 40'
40° 30'	9.8125 15 0.1875	9.9315 26 0.0685	0.1190 11 9.8810				49° 30'
40° 40'	9.8140 15 0.1860	9.9341 26 0.0659	0.1200 11 9.8800				49° 20'
40° 50'	9.8155 15 0.1845	9.9366 26 0.0634	0.1211 11 9.8789				49° 10'
<b>41° 00'</b>	9.8169 15 0.1831	9.9392 26 0.0608	0.1222 11 9.8778				<b>49° 00'</b>
41° 10'	9.8184 14 0.1816	9.9417 25 0.0583	0.1233 11 9.8767				48° 50'
41° 20'	9.8198 14 0.1802	9.9443 25 0.0557	0.1244 11 9.8756				48° 40'
41° 30'	9.8213 14 0.1787	9.9468 25 0.0532	0.1255 11 9.8745				48° 30'
41° 40'	9.8227 14 0.1773	9.9494 25 0.0506	0.1267 11 9.8733				48° 20'
41° 50'	9.8241 14 0.1759	9.9519 25 0.0481	0.1278 11 9.8722				48° 10'
<b>42° 00'</b>	9.8255 14 0.1745	9.9544 25 0.0456	0.1289 11 9.8711				<b>48° 00'</b>
42° 10'	9.8269 14 0.1731	9.9570 25 0.0430	0.1301 11 9.8699				47° 50'
42° 20'	9.8283 14 0.1717	9.9595 25 0.0405	0.1312 12 9.8688				47° 40'
42° 30'	9.8297 14 0.1703	9.9621 25 0.0379	0.1324 12 9.8676				47° 30'
42° 40'	9.8311 14 0.1689	9.9646 25 0.0354	0.1335 12 9.8665				47° 20'
42° 50'	9.8324 14 0.1676	9.9671 25 0.0329	0.1347 12 9.8653				47° 10'
<b>43° 00'</b>	9.8338 14 0.1662	9.9697 25 0.0303	0.1359 12 9.8641				<b>47° 00'</b>
43° 10'	9.8351 13 0.1649	9.9722 25 0.0278	0.1371 12 9.8629				46° 50'
43° 20'	9.8365 13 0.1635	9.9747 25 0.0253	0.1382 12 9.8618				46° 40'
43° 30'	9.8378 13 0.1622	9.9772 25 0.0228	0.1394 12 9.8606				46° 30'
43° 40'	9.8391 13 0.1609	9.9798 25 0.0202	0.1406 12 9.8594				46° 20'
43° 50'	9.8405 13 0.1595	9.9823 25 0.0177	0.1418 12 9.8582				46° 10'
<b>44° 00'</b>	9.8418 13 0.1582	9.9848 25 0.0152	0.1431 12 9.8569				<b>46° 00'</b>
44° 10'	9.8431 13 0.1569	9.9874 25 0.0126	0.1443 12 9.8557				45° 50'
44° 20'	9.8444 13 0.1556	9.9899 25 0.0101	0.1455 12 9.8545				45° 40'
44° 30'	9.8457 13 0.1543	9.9924 25 0.0076	0.1468 12 9.8532				45° 30'
44° 40'	9.8469 13 0.1531	9.9949 25 0.0051	0.1480 12 9.8520				45° 20'
44° 50'	9.8482 13 0.1518	9.9975 25 0.0025	0.1493 13 9.8507				45° 10'
<b>45° 00'</b>	9.8495 13 0.1505	0.0000 25 0.0000	0.1505 13 9.8495				<b>45° 00'</b>
	$\lg \cos \theta$	$\lg \sec \theta$	$\lg \operatorname{ctn} \theta$	$\lg \tan \theta$	$\lg \csc \theta$	$\lg \sin \theta$	

## Inverse Circular Functions.

	log u	sin <sup>-1</sup> u	cos <sup>-1</sup> u	tan <sup>-1</sup> u	ctn <sup>-1</sup> u		log u	sin <sup>-1</sup> u	cos <sup>-1</sup> u	tan <sup>-1</sup> u	ctn <sup>-1</sup> u
<b>9.</b>	○	○	○	○		<b>9.</b>	○	○	○	○	
<b>00</b>	5.74 13 84.26	5.71 13 84.29				<b>50</b>	18.43 44 71.57	17.55 38 72.45			
01	5.87 14 84.13	5.84 13 84.16				51	18.88 45 71.12	17.93 39 72.07			
02	6.01 14 83.99	5.98 14 84.02				52	19.34 46 70.66	18.32 39 71.68			
03	6.15 14 83.85	6.12 14 83.88				53	19.81 48 70.19	18.72 40 71.28			
04	6.30 15 83.70	6.26 14 83.74				54	20.29 49 69.71	19.12 41 70.88			
<b>05</b>	6.44 15 83.56	6.40 15 83.60				<b>55</b>	20.78 50 69.22	19.54 42 70.46			
06	6.59 15 83.41	6.55 15 83.45				56	21.29 51 68.71	19.95 42 70.05			
07	6.75 16 83.25	6.70 15 83.30				57	21.81 53 68.19	20.38 43 69.62			
08	6.91 16 83.09	6.86 16 83.14				58	22.35 54 67.65	20.82 44 69.18			
09	7.07 16 82.93	7.01 16 82.99				59	22.90 56 67.10	21.26 45 68.74			
<b>10</b>	7.23 17 82.77	7.18 16 82.82				<b>60</b>	23.46 57 66.54	21.71 45 68.29			
11	7.40 17 82.60	7.34 17 82.66				61	24.04 59 65.96	22.17 46 67.83			
12	7.58 18 82.42	7.51 17 82.49				62	24.64 61 65.36	22.63 47 67.37			
13	7.75 18 82.25	7.68 17 82.32				63	25.25 62 64.75	23.10 48 69.90			
14	7.93 18 82.07	7.86 18 82.14				64	25.88 64 64.12	23.58 48 66.42			
<b>15</b>	8.12 19 81.88	8.04 18 81.96				<b>65</b>	26.53 66 63.47	24.07 49 65.93			
16	8.31 19 81.69	8.22 19 81.78				66	27.20 68 62.80	24.56 50 65.44			
17	8.51 20 81.49	8.41 19 81.59				67	27.89 70 62.11	25.07 51 64.93			
18	8.71 20 81.29	8.61 20 81.39				68	28.60 72 61.40	25.58 51 64.42			
19	8.91 21 81.09	8.80 20 81.20				69	29.33 74 60.67	26.09 52 63.91			
<b>20</b>	9.12 21 80.88	9.01 20 80.99				<b>70</b>	30.08 76 59.92	26.62 53 63.38			
21	9.33 22 80.67	9.21 21 80.79				71	30.85 79 59.15	27.15 54 62.85			
22	9.55 22 80.45	9.42 21 80.58				72	31.66 81 58.34	27.69 54 62.31			
23	9.78 23 80.22	9.64 22 80.36				73	32.48 84 57.52	28.24 55 61.76			
24	10.01 23 79.99	9.86 22 80.14				74	33.34 87 56.66	28.79 56 61.21			
<b>25</b>	10.24 24 79.76	10.08 23 79.92				<b>75</b>	34.22 90 55.78	29.35 56 60.65			
26	10.48 24 79.52	10.31 23 79.69				76	35.13 54.87	29.92 57 60.08			
27	10.73 25 79.27	10.55 24 79.45				77	36.07 53.93	30.49 58 59.51			
28	10.98 26 79.02	10.79 24 79.21				78	37.05 52.95	31.07 58 58.93			
29	11.24 26 78.76	11.03 25 78.97				79	38.07 51.93	31.66 59 58.34			
<b>30</b>	11.51 27 78.49	11.28 25 78.72				<b>80</b>	39.12 50.88	32.25 60 57.75			
31	11.78 28 78.22	11.54 26 78.46				81	40.21 49.79	32.85 60 57.15			
32	12.06 28 77.94	11.80 26 78.20				82	41.35 48.65	33.45 61 56.55			
33	12.34 29 77.66	12.07 27 77.93				83	42.54 47.46	34.06 61 55.94			
34	12.64 30 77.36	12.34 28 77.66				84	43.78 46.22	34.68 62 55.32			
<b>35</b>	12.94 30 77.06	12.62 28 77.38				<b>85</b>	45.07 44.93	35.30 62 54.70			
36	13.24 31 76.76	12.90 29 77.10				86	46.42 43.58	35.92 63 54.08			
37	13.56 32 76.44	13.19 29 76.81				87	47.84 42.16	36.55 63 53.45			
38	13.88 33 76.12	13.49 30 76.51				88	49.31 40.66	37.18 64 52.82			
39	14.21 33 75.79	13.79 31 76.21				89	50.92 39.08	37.82 64 52.18			
<b>40</b>	14.55 34 75.45	14.10 31 75.90				<b>90</b>	52.59 37.41	38.46 64 51.54			
41	14.89 35 75.11	14.42 32 75.58				91	54.37 35.63	39.11 65 50.89			
42	15.25 36 74.75	14.74 32 75.26				92	56.28 33.72	39.75 65 50.25			
43	15.61 37 74.39	15.06 33 74.94				93	58.34 31.66	40.40 65 49.60			
44	15.99 38 74.01	15.40 34 74.60				94	60.57 29.43	41.05 65 48.95			
<b>45</b>	16.37 39 73.63	15.74 34 74.26				<b>95</b>	63.03 26.97	41.71 66 48.29			
46	16.76 40 73.24	16.09 35 73.91				96	65.78 24.22	42.37 66 47.63			
47	17.16 41 72.84	16.44 36 73.56				97	68.95 21.05	43.02 66 46.98			
48	17.58 42 72.42	16.80 37 73.20				98	72.74 17.26	43.68 66 46.32			
49	18.00 43 72.00	17.17 37 72.83				99	77.75 12.25	44.34 66 45.66			
<b>50</b>	18.43 44 71.57	17.55 38 72.45				<b>00</b>	90.00 00.00	45.00 66 45.00			

## Inverse Circular Functions.

$\log u$	$\sin^{-1} u$	$\cos^{-1} u$	$\log u$	$\sin^{-1} u$	$\cos^{-1} u$	$\log u$	$\sin^{-1} u$	$\cos^{-1} u$
9.	◦	◦	9.	◦	◦	9.	◦	◦
<b>750</b>	34.22	9 55.78	<b>800</b>	39.12	11 50.88	<b>850</b>	45.07	13 44.93
751	34.31	9 55.69	801	39.23	11 50.77	851	45.20	13 44.80
752	34.40	9 55.60	802	39.34	11 50.66	852	45.33	13 44.67
753	34.49	9 55.51	803	39.44	11 50.56	853	45.47	13 44.53
754	34.58	9 55.42	804	39.55	11 50.45	854	45.60	13 44.40
<b>755</b>	34.67	9 55.33	<b>805</b>	39.66	11 50.34	<b>855</b>	45.74	14 44.26
756	34.76	9 55.24	806	39.77	11 50.23	856	45.87	14 44.13
757	34.85	9 55.15	807	39.88	11 50.12	857	46.01	14 43.99
758	34.95	9 55.05	808	39.99	11 50.01	858	46.15	14 43.85
759	35.04	9 54.96	809	40.10	11 49.90	859	46.28	14 43.72
<b>760</b>	35.13	9 54.87	<b>810</b>	40.21	11 49.79	<b>860</b>	46.42	14 43.58
761	35.22	9 54.78	811	40.33	11 49.67	861	46.56	14 43.44
762	35.32	9 54.68	812	40.44	11 49.56	862	46.70	14 43.30
763	35.41	9 54.59	813	40.55	11 49.45	863	46.84	14 43.16
764	35.50	9 54.50	814	40.66	11 49.34	864	46.98	14 43.02
<b>765</b>	35.60	9 54.40	<b>815</b>	40.78	11 49.22	<b>865</b>	47.12	14 42.88
766	35.69	9 54.31	816	40.89	11 49.11	866	47.27	14 42.73
767	35.79	10 54.21	817	41.01	11 48.99	867	47.41	14 42.59
768	35.88	10 54.12	818	41.12	12 48.88	868	47.55	14 42.45
769	35.98	10 54.02	819	41.24	12 48.76	869	47.70	14 42.30
<b>770</b>	36.07	10 53.93	<b>820</b>	41.35	12 48.65	<b>870</b>	47.84	15 42.16
771	36.17	10 53.83	821	41.47	12 48.53	871	47.99	15 42.01
772	36.27	10 53.73	822	41.59	12 48.41	872	48.14	15 41.86
773	36.36	10 53.64	823	41.70	12 48.30	873	48.28	15 41.72
774	36.46	10 53.54	824	41.82	12 48.18	874	48.43	15 41.57
<b>775</b>	36.56	10 53.44	<b>825</b>	41.94	12 48.06	<b>875</b>	48.58	15 41.42
776	36.66	10 53.34	826	42.06	12 47.94	876	48.73	15 41.27
777	36.76	10 53.24	827	42.18	12 47.82	877	48.88	15 41.12
778	36.85	10 53.15	828	42.30	12 47.70	878	49.03	15 40.97
779	36.95	10 53.05	829	42.42	12 47.58	879	49.19	15 40.81
<b>780</b>	37.05	10 52.95	<b>830</b>	42.54	12 47.46	<b>880</b>	49.34	15 40.66
781	37.15	10 52.85	831	42.66	12 47.34	881	49.49	15 40.51
782	37.25	10 52.75	832	42.78	12 47.22	882	49.65	16 40.35
783	37.35	10 52.65	833	42.90	12 47.10	883	49.80	16 40.20
784	37.45	10 52.55	834	43.03	12 46.97	884	49.96	16 40.04
<b>785</b>	37.56	10 52.44	<b>835</b>	43.15	12 46.85	<b>885</b>	50.12	16 39.88
786	37.66	10 52.34	836	43.27	12 46.73	886	50.28	16 39.72
787	37.76	10 52.24	837	43.40	12 46.60	887	50.44	16 39.56
788	37.86	10 52.14	838	43.52	13 46.48	888	50.60	16 39.40
789	37.96	10 52.04	839	43.65	13 46.35	889	50.76	16 39.24
<b>790</b>	38.07	10 51.93	<b>840</b>	43.78	13 46.22	<b>890</b>	50.92	16 39.08
791	38.17	10 51.83	841	43.90	13 46.10	891	51.08	16 38.92
792	38.28	10 51.72	842	44.03	13 45.97	892	51.25	16 38.75
793	38.38	10 51.62	843	44.16	13 45.84	893	51.41	17 38.59
794	38.48	10 51.52	844	44.29	13 45.71	894	51.58	17 38.42
<b>795</b>	38.59	11 51.41	<b>845</b>	44.41	13 45.59	<b>895</b>	51.74	17 38.26
796	38.69	11 51.31	846	44.54	13 45.46	896	51.91	17 38.09
797	38.80	11 51.20	847	44.67	13 45.33	897	52.08	17 37.92
798	38.91	11 51.09	848	44.80	13 45.20	898	52.25	17 37.75
799	39.01	11 50.99	849	44.94	13 45.06	899	52.42	17 37.58
<b>800</b>	39.12	11 50.88	<b>850</b>	45.07	13 44.93	<b>900</b>	52.59	17 37.41

## Inverse Circular Functions.

$\log u$	$\sin^{-1} u$	$\cos^{-1} u$	$\log u$	$\sin^{-1} u$	$\cos^{-1} u$	$\log u$	$\sin^{-1} u$	$\log u$	$\sin^{-1} u$
<b>9.</b>	◦ ◦		<b>9.</b>	◦ ◦		<b>9.</b>	◦	<b>9.</b>	◦
<b>900</b>	52.59 17	37.41	<b>950</b>	63.03 26	26.97	<b>9900</b>	77.75	<b>9950</b>	81.32
901	52.76 17	37.24	951	63.29 26	26.71	9901	77.81	9951	81.41
902	52.94 17	37.06	952	63.56 27	26.44	9902	77.87	9952	81.50
903	53.11 18	36.89	953	63.82 27	26.18	9903	77.94	9953	81.59
904	53.29 18	36.71	954	64.09 27	25.91	9904	78.00	9954	81.68
<b>905</b>	53.47 18	36.53	<b>955</b>	64.37 27	25.63	<b>9905</b>	78.06	<b>9955</b>	81.77
906	53.65 18	36.35	956	64.64 28	25.36	9906	78.12	9956	81.86
907	53.83 18	36.17	957	64.92 28	25.08	9907	78.18	9957	81.95
908	54.01 18	35.99	958	65.21 29	24.79	9908	78.25	9958	82.04
909	54.19 18	35.81	950	65.49 29	24.51	9909	78.31	9959	82.14
<b>910</b>	54.37 18	35.63	<b>960</b>	65.78 29	24.22	<b>9910</b>	78.38	<b>9960</b>	82.24
911	54.56 19	35.44	961	66.08 30	23.92	9911	78.44	9961	82.33
912	54.74 19	35.26	962	66.38 30	23.62	9912	78.50	9962	82.43
913	54.93 19	35.07	963	66.68 31	23.32	9913	78.57	9963	82.5
914	55.12 19	34.88	964	66.99 31	23.01	9914	78.64	9964	82.6
<b>915</b>	55.31 19	34.69	<b>965</b>	67.30 32	22.70	<b>9915</b>	78.70	<b>9965</b>	82.7
916	55.50 19	34.50	966	67.62 32	22.38	9916	78.77	9966	82.8
917	55.69 19	34.31	967	67.95 33	22.05	9917	78.83	9967	82.9
918	55.89 19	34.11	968	68.27 33	21.73	9918	78.90	9968	83.1
919	56.08 20	33.92	969	68.61 34	21.39	9919	78.97	9969	83.2
<b>920</b>	56.28 20	33.72	<b>970</b>	68.95 34	21.05	<b>9920</b>	79.04	<b>9970</b>	83.3
921	56.48 20	33.52	971	69.29 35	20.71	9921	79.10	9971	83.4
922	56.68 20	33.32	972	69.65 36	20.35	9922	79.17	9972	83.5
923	56.88 20	33.12	973	70.01 36	19.99	9923	79.24	9973	83.6
924	57.08 20	32.92	974	70.37 37	19.63	9924	79.31	9974	83.7
<b>925</b>	57.29 21	32.71	<b>975</b>	70.75 38	19.25	<b>9925</b>	79.38	<b>9975</b>	83.9
926	57.49 21	32.51	976	71.13 39	18.87	9926	79.45	9976	84.0
927	57.70 21	32.30	977	71.52 39	18.48	9927	79.52	9977	84.1
928	57.91 21	32.09	978	71.92 40	18.08	9928	79.60	9978	84.2
929	58.12 21	31.88	979	72.33 41	17.67	9929	79.67	9979	84.4
<b>930</b>	58.34 21	31.66	<b>980</b>	72.74 42	17.26	<b>9930</b>	79.74	<b>9980</b>	84.5
931	58.55 22	31.45	981	73.18 44	16.82	9931	79.81	9981	84.6
932	58.77 22	31.23	982	73.62 45	16.38	9932	79.89	9982	84.8
933	58.99 22	31.01	983	74.04 46	15.93	9933	79.96	9983	84.9
934	59.21 22	30.79	984	74.54 48	15.46	9934	80.04	9984	85.1
<b>935</b>	59.43 22	30.57	<b>985</b>	75.03 49	14.97	<b>9935</b>	80.11	<b>9985</b>	85.2
936	59.65 23	30.35	986	75.53 51	14.47	9936	80.19	9986	85.4
937	59.88 23	30.12	987	76.05 53	13.95	9937	80.26	9987	85.6
938	60.11 23	29.89	988	76.59 55	13.41	9938	80.34	9988	85.7
939	60.34 23	29.66	989	77.16 58	12.84	9939	80.42	9989	85.9
<b>940</b>	60.57 23	29.43	<b>990</b>	77.75 61	12.25	<b>9940</b>	80.50	<b>9990</b>	86.1
941	60.81 24	29.19	991	78.38	11.62	9941	80.58	9991	86.3
942	61.04 24	28.96	992	79.04	10.96	9942	80.66	9992	86.5
943	61.28 24	28.72	993	79.74	10.26	9943	80.74	9993	86.7
944	61.52 24	28.48	994	80.50	9.50	9944	80.82	9994	87.0
<b>945</b>	61.77 25	28.23	<b>995</b>	81.32	8.68	<b>9945</b>	80.90	<b>9995</b>	87.3
946	62.02 25	27.98	996	82.24	7.76	9946	80.98	9996	87.5
947	62.27 25	27.73	997	83.3	6.7	9947	81.07	9997	87.9
948	62.52 25	27.48	998	84.5	5.5	9948	81.15	9998	88.3
949	62.77 26	27.23	999	86.1	3.9	9949	81.24	9999	88.8
<b>950</b>	63.03 26	26.97	<b>000</b>	90.	0.	<b>9950</b>	81.32	<b>0000</b>	90.

## Logarithms of Hyperbolic Functions.

<i>x</i>	gd <i>x</i>	<i>x</i>	gd <i>x</i>	<i>x</i>	1 Sh <i>x</i>	1 Ch <i>x</i>	1 Th <i>x</i>
<b>0.00</b>	0.0000 5730	<b>0.50</b>	27.524 508	<b>1.00</b>	0701 57	1884 33	8817 24
0.01	0.5729 5729	0.51	28.031 506	1.01	0758 57	1917 33	8840 23
0.02	1.1458 5728	0.52	28.535 503	1.02	0815 56	1950 33	8864 23
0.03	1.7186 5727	0.53	29.037 501	1.03	0871 56	1984 34	8887 23
0.04	2.2912 5725	0.54	29.537 498	1.04	0927 56	2018 34	8909 22
<b>0.05</b>	2.8636 5722	<b>0.55</b>	30.034 496	<b>1.05</b>	0982 56	2051 34	8931 22
0.06	3.4357 5719	0.56	30.529 494	1.06	1038 55	2086 34	8952 21
0.07	4.0074 5716	0.57	31.021 491	1.07	1093 55	2120 34	8973 21
0.08	4.5788 5711	0.58	31.511 488	1.08	1148 55	2154 31	8994 20
0.09	5.1497 5706	0.59	31.998 486	1.09	1203 54	2189 35	9014 20
<b>.10</b>	5.720 570	<b>0.60</b>	32.483 483	<b>1.10</b>	1257 54	2223 35	9034 19
0.11	6.290 570	0.61	32.965 481	1.11	1311 54	2258 35	9053 19
0.12	6.859 569	0.62	33.444 478	1.12	1365 54	2293 35	9072 19
0.13	7.428 568	0.63	33.921 475	1.13	1419 54	2328 35	9090 18
0.14	7.995 567	0.64	34.395 473	1.14	1472 53	2364 35	9108 18
<b>0.15</b>	8.562 567	<b>0.65</b>	34.867 470	<b>1.15</b>	1525 53	2399 36	9126 18
0.16	9.128 566	0.66	35.336 467	1.16	1578 53	2435 36	9144 17
0.17	9.694 565	0.67	35.802 465	1.17	1631 53	2470 36	9161 17
0.18	10.258 564	0.68	36.265 462	1.18	1684 52	2506 36	9177 17
0.19	10.821 563	0.69	36.726 459	1.19	1736 52	2542 36	9194 16
<b>0.20</b>	11.384 562	<b>0.70</b>	37.183 456	<b>1.20</b>	1788 52	2578 36	9210 16
0.21	11.945 561	0.71	37.638 454	1.21	1840 52	2615 36	9226 16
0.22	12.505 559	0.72	38.091 451	1.22	1892 52	2651 36	9241 15
0.23	13.063 558	0.73	38.540 448	1.23	1944 52	2688 37	9256 15
0.24	13.621 557	0.74	38.987 445	1.24	1995 51	2724 37	9271 15
<b>0.25</b>	14.177 556	<b>0.75</b>	39.431 443	<b>1.25</b>	2046 51	2761 37	9285 14
0.26	14.732 554	0.76	39.872 440	1.26	2098 51	2798 37	9300 14
0.27	15.285 553	0.77	40.310 437	1.27	2148 51	2835 37	9314 14
0.28	15.837 551	0.78	40.746 434	1.28	2199 51	2872 37	9327 14
0.29	16.388 550	0.79	41.179 431	1.29	2250 51	2909 37	9341 13
<b>0.30</b>	16.937 548	<b>0.80</b>	41.608 428	<b>1.30</b>	2300 50	2947 37	9354 13
0.31	17.484 546	0.81	42.035 426	1.31	2351 50	2984 38	9367 13
0.32	18.030 545	0.82	42.460 423	1.32	2401 50	3022 38	9379 12
0.33	18.573 543	0.83	42.881 420	1.33	2451 50	3059 38	9391 12
0.34	19.116 541	0.84	43.299 417	1.34	2501 50	3097 38	9404 12
<b>0.35</b>	19.656 540	<b>0.85</b>	43.715 414	<b>1.35</b>	2551 50	3135 38	9415 12
0.36	20.195 538	0.86	44.128 411	1.36	2600 50	3173 38	9427 11
0.37	20.732 536	0.87	44.537 408	1.37	2650 49	3211 38	9438 11
0.38	21.267 534	0.88	44.944 406	1.38	2699 49	3249 38	9450 11
0.39	21.800 532	0.89	45.348 403	1.39	2748 49	3288 38	9460 11
<b>0.40</b>	22.331 530	<b>0.90</b>	45.750 400	<b>1.40</b>	2797 49	3326 38	9471 11
0.41	22.859 528	0.91	46.148 397	1.41	2846 49	3365 39	9482 10
0.42	23.386 526	0.92	46.544 394	1.42	2895 49	3403 39	9492 10
0.43	23.911 524	0.93	46.936 391	1.43	2944 49	3442 39	9502 10
0.44	24.434 522	0.94	47.326 388	1.44	2993 49	3481 39	9512 10
<b>0.45</b>	24.955 519	<b>0.95</b>	47.713 386	<b>1.45</b>	3041 48	3520 39	9522 10
0.46	25.473 517	0.96	48.097 383	1.46	3090 48	3559 39	9531 9
0.47	25.989 515	0.97	48.478 380	1.47	3138 48	3598 39	9540 9
0.48	26.503 513	0.98	48.857 377	1.48	3186 48	3637 39	9549 9
0.49	27.015 510	0.99	49.232 374	1.49	3234 48	3676 39	9558 9
<b>0.50</b>	27.524 508	<b>1.00</b>	49.605 371	<b>1.50</b>	3282 48	3715 39	9567 9

## Logarithms of Hyperbolic Functions.

<i>x</i>	1 Sh <i>x</i>	1 Ch <i>x</i>	1 Th <i>x</i>	<i>x</i>	1 Sh <i>x</i>	1 Ch <i>x</i>	1 Th <i>x</i>
	<b>0.</b>	<b>0.</b>	<b>9.</b>		<b>0.</b>	<b>0.</b>	<b>9.</b>
<b>1.50</b>	3282 48	3715 39	9567 9	<b>2.00</b>	5595 45	5754 42	9841 3
1.51	3330 48	3754 39	9576 8	2.01	5640 45	5796 42	9844 3
1.52	3378 48	3794 39	9584 8	2.02	5685 45	5838 42	9847 3
1.53	3426 48	3833 40	9592 8	2.03	5730 45	5880 42	9850 3
1.54	3474 48	3873 40	9601 8	2.04	5775 45	5922 42	9853 3
<b>1.55</b>	3521 48	3913 40	9608 8	<b>2.05</b>	5820 45	5964 42	9856 3
1.56	3569 47	3952 40	9616 8	2.06	5865 45	6006 42	9859 3
1.57	3616 47	3992 40	9624 8	2.07	5910 45	6048 42	9862 3
1.58	3663 47	4032 40	9631 7	2.08	5955 45	6090 42	9864 3
1.59	3711 47	4072 40	9639 7	2.09	6000 45	6132 42	9867 3
<b>1.60</b>	3758 47	4112 40	9646 7	<b>2.10</b>	6044 45	6175 42	9870 3
1.61	3805 47	4152 40	9653 7	2.11	6089 45	6217 42	9872 3
1.62	3852 47	4192 40	9660 7	2.12	6134 45	6259 42	9875 3
1.63	3899 47	4232 40	9666 7	2.13	6178 45	6301 42	9877 2
1.64	3946 47	4273 40	9673 7	2.14	6223 45	6343 42	9880 2
<b>1.65</b>	3992 47	4313 40	9679 6	<b>2.15</b>	6268 45	6386 42	9882 2
1.66	4039 47	4353 40	9686 6	2.16	6312 45	6428 42	9884 2
1.67	4086 47	4394 40	9692 6	2.17	6357 45	6470 42	9887 2
1.68	4132 47	4434 41	9698 6	2.18	6401 45	6512 42	9889 2
1.69	4179 46	4475 41	9704 6	2.19	6446 45	6555 42	9891 2
<b>1.70</b>	4225 46	4515 41	9710 6	<b>2.20</b>	6491 45	6597 42	9893 2
1.71	4272 46	4556 41	9716 6	2.21	6535 44	6640 42	9895 2
1.72	4318 46	4597 41	9721 6	2.22	6580 44	6682 42	9898 2
1.73	4364 46	4637 41	9727 5	2.23	6624 44	6724 42	9900 2
1.74	4411 46	4678 41	9732 5	2.24	6668 44	6767 42	9902 2
<b>1.75</b>	4457 46	4719 41	9738 5	<b>2.25</b>	6713 44	6809 42	9904 2
1.76	4503 46	4760 41	9743 5	2.26	6757 44	6852 42	9905 2
1.77	4549 46	4801 41	9748 5	2.27	6802 44	6894 43	9907 2
1.78	4595 46	4842 41	9753 5	2.28	6846 44	6937 43	9909 2
1.79	4641 46	4883 41	9758 5	2.29	6890 44	6979 43	9911 2
<b>1.80</b>	4687 46	4924 41	9763 5	<b>2.30</b>	6935 44	7022 43	9913 2
1.81	4733 46	4965 41	9767 5	2.31	6979 44	7064 43	9914 2
1.82	4778 46	5006 41	9772 5	2.32	7023 44	7107 43	9916 2
1.83	4824 46	5048 41	9776 4	2.33	7067 44	7150 43	9918 2
1.84	4870 46	5089 41	9781 4	2.34	7112 44	7192 43	9919 2
<b>1.85</b>	4915 46	5130 41	9785 4	<b>2.35</b>	7156 44	7235 43	9921 2
1.86	4961 46	5172 41	9789 4	2.36	7200 44	7278 43	9923 2
1.87	5007 46	5213 41	9794 4	2.37	7244 44	7320 43	9924 2
1.88	5052 46	5254 41	9798 4	2.38	7289 44	7363 43	9926 1
1.89	5098 45	5296 41	9802 4	2.39	7333 44	7406 43	9927 1
<b>1.90</b>	5143 45	5337 42	9806 4	<b>2.40</b>	7377 44	7448 43	9929 1
1.91	5188 45	5379 42	9810 4	2.41	7421 44	7491 43	9930 1
1.92	5234 45	5421 42	9813 4	2.42	7465 44	7534 43	9931 1
1.93	5279 45	5462 42	9817 4	2.43	7509 44	7577 43	9933 1
1.94	5324 45	5504 42	9821 4	2.44	7553 44	7619 43	9934 1
<b>1.95</b>	5370 45	5545 42	9824 4	<b>2.45</b>	7597 44	7662 43	9935 1
1.96	5415 45	5587 42	9828 3	2.46	7642 44	7705 43	9937 1
1.97	5460 45	5629 42	9831 3	2.47	7686 44	7748 43	9938 1
1.98	5505 45	5671 42	9834 3	2.48	7730 44	7791 43	9939 1
1.99	5550 45	5713 42	9838 3	2.49	7774 44	7833 43	9940 1
<b>2.00</b>	5595 45	5754 42	9841 3	<b>2.50</b>	7818 44	7876 43	9941 1

## Logarithms of Hyperbolic Functions.

<i>x</i>	1 Sh <i>x</i>	1 Ch <i>x</i>	1 Th <i>x</i>	<i>x</i>	1 Sh <i>x</i>	1 Ch <i>x</i>	1 Th <i>x</i>
	<b>0.</b>	<b>0.</b>	<b>9.</b>				
<b>2.50</b>	7818 44	7876 43	9941	<b>3.0</b>	1.0008 436	1.0029 432	9.9978
2.51	7862 44	7919 43	9943	3.1	1.0444 436	1.0462 433	9.9982
2.52	7906 44	7962 43	9944	3.2	1.0880 436	1.0894 433	9.9986
2.53	7950 44	8005 43	9945	3.3	1.1316 435	1.1327 433	9.9988
2.54	7994 44	8048 43	9946	3.4	1.1751 435	1.1761 433	9.9990
<b>2.55</b>	8038 44	8091 43	9947	<b>3.5</b>	1.2186 435	1.2194 434	9.9992
2.56	8082 44	8134 43	9948	3.6	1.2621 435	1.2628 434	9.9994
2.57	8126 44	8176 43	9949	3.7	1.3056 435	1.3061 434	9.9995
2.58	8169 44	8219 43	9950	3.8	1.3491 435	1.3495 434	9.9996
2.59	8213 44	8262 43	9951	3.9	1.3925 435	1.3929 434	9.9996
<b>2.60</b>	8257 44	8305 43	9952	<b>4.0</b>	1.4360 435	1.4363 434	9.9997
2.61	8301 44	8348 43	9953	4.1	1.4795 435	1.4797 434	9.9998
2.62	8345 44	8391 43	9954	4.2	1.5229 434	1.5231 434	9.9998
2.63	8389 44	8434 43	9955	4.3	1.5664 434	1.5665 434	9.9998
2.64	8433 44	8477 43	9956	4.4	1.6098 434	1.6099 434	9.9999
<b>2.65</b>	8477 44	8520 43	9957	<b>4.5</b>	1.6532 434	1.6533 434	9.9999
2.66	8521 44	8563 43	9958	4.6	1.6967 434	1.6968 434	9.9999
2.67	8564 44	8606 43	9958	4.7	1.7401 434	1.7402 434	9.9999
2.68	8608 44	8649 43	9959	4.8	1.7836 434	1.7836 434	9.9999
2.69	8652 44	8692 43	9960	4.9	1.8270 434	1.8270 434	0.0000
<b>2.70</b>	8696 44	8735 43	9961	<b>5.0</b>	1.8704 434	1.8705 434	0.0000
2.71	8740 44	8778 43	9962	5.1	1.9139 434	1.9139 434	0.0000
2.72	8784 44	8821 43	9962	5.2	1.9573 434	1.9573 434	0.0000
2.73	8827 44	8864 43	9963	5.3	2.0007 434	2.0007 434	0.0000
2.74	8871 44	8907 43	9964	5.4	2.0442 434	2.0442 434	0.0000
<b>2.75</b>	8915 44	8951 43	9965	<b>5.5</b>	2.0876 434	2.0876 434	0.0000
2.76	8959 44	8994 43	9965	5.6	2.1310 434	2.1310 434	0.0000
2.77	9003 44	9037 43	9966	5.7	2.1744 434	2.1745 434	0.0000
2.78	9046 44	9080 43	9967	5.8	2.2179 434	2.2179 434	0.0000
2.79	9090 44	9123 43	9967	5.9	2.2613 434	2.2613 434	0.0000
<b>2.80</b>	9134 44	9166 43	9968	<b>6.0</b>	2.3047 4343	2.3047 4343	0.0000
2.81	9178 44	9209 43	9969	7.0	2.7390 4343	2.7390 4343	0.0000
2.82	9221 44	9252 43	9969	8.0	3.1733 4343	3.1733 4343	0.0000
2.83	9265 44	9295 43	9970	9.0	3.6076 4343	3.6076 4343	0.0000
2.84	9309 44	9338 43	9970	<b>10.0</b>	4.0419 4343	4.0419 4343	0.0000
<b>2.85</b>	9353 44	9382 43	9971				
2.86	9396 44	9425 43	9972				
2.87	9440 44	9468 43	9972				
2.88	9484 44	9511 43	9973				
2.89	9527 44	9554 43	9973				
<b>2.90</b>	9571 44	9597 43	9974				
2.91	9615 44	9641 43	9974				
2.92	9658 44	9684 43	9975				
2.93	9702 44	9727 43	9975				
2.94	9746 44	9770 43	9976				
<b>2.95</b>	9789 44	9813 43	9976				
2.96	9833 44	9856 43	9977				
2.97	9877 44	9900 43	9977				
2.98	9920 44	9943 43	9978				
2.99	9964 44	9986 43	9978				
<b>3.00</b>	1.0008 44	1.0029 43	9978				

For higher values :  
 $\log \text{Sh } x = \log \text{Ch } x = x\mu - 0.301030$  ;  
 $\text{Sh}^{-1} u = \text{Ch}^{-1} u = (\log u + 0.3010) \mu^{-1}$ .

<i>n</i>	<i>nμ</i>	<i>nμ<sup>-1</sup></i>	<i>n</i>
1	0.434294	2.302585	1
2	0.868589	4.605170	2
3	1.302883	6.907755	3
4	1.737178	9.210340	4
5	2.171472	11.512925	5
6	2.605767	13.815511	6
7	3.040061	16.118096	7
8	3.474356	18.420681	8
9	3.908650	20.723266	9
10	4.342945	23.025851	10

## Natural Sines and Cosines.

$\phi$	$\sin \phi$	$\cos \phi$		$\phi$	$\sin \phi$	$\cos \phi$		$\phi$	$\sin \phi$	$\cos \phi$	
<b>0°</b>	.000000	1.0000	<b>90°</b>	<b>7°</b>	.1305	.9914	30'	<b>15°</b>	.2588	.9659	<b>75°</b>
10'	.002909	1.0000	50'	30'	.1335	.9911	20'	10'	.2616	.9652	50'
20'	.005818	1.0000	40'	40'	.1363	.9907	10'	20'	.2644	.9644	40'
30'	.008727	1.0000	30'	50'				30'	.2672	.9638	30'
40'	.011635	0.9999	20'	<b>8°</b>	.1392	.9903	<b>82°</b>	40'	.2700	.9628	20'
50'	.014544	0.9999	10'	10'	.1421	.9899	50'	50'	.2728	.9621	10'
<b>1°</b>	.017452	0.9998	<b>89°</b>	20'	.1449	.9894	40'	<b>16°</b>	.2756	.9613	<b>74°</b>
10'	.02036	0.9998	50'	30'	.1478	.9890	30'	10'	.2784	.9605	50'
20'	.02327	0.9997	40'	40'	.1507	.9886	20'	20'	.2812	.9596	40'
30'	.02618	0.9997	30'	50'	.1536	.9881	10'	30'	.2840	.9588	30'
40'	.02908	0.9996	20'	<b>9°</b>	.1564	.9877	<b>81°</b>	40'	.2868	.9580	20'
50'	.03199	0.9995	10'	10'	.1593	.9872	50'	50'	.2896	.9572	10'
<b>2°</b>	.03490	0.9994	<b>88°</b>	20'	.1622	.9868	40'	<b>17°</b>	.2924	.9563	<b>73°</b>
10'	.03781	0.9993	50'	30'	.1650	.9863	30'	10'	.2952	.9555	50'
20'	.04071	0.9992	40'	40'	.1679	.9858	20'	20'	.2979	.9546	40'
30'	.04362	0.9990	30'	50'	.1708	.9853	10'	30'	.3007	.9537	30'
40'	.04653	0.9989	20'	<b>10°</b>	.1736	.9848	<b>80°</b>	40'	.3035	.9528	20'
50'	.04943	0.9988	10'	10'	.1765	.9843	50'	50'	.3062	.9520	10'
<b>3°</b>	.05234	0.9986	<b>87°</b>	20'	.1794	.9838	40'	<b>18°</b>	.3090	.9511	<b>72°</b>
10'	.05524	0.9985	50'	30'	.1822	.9833	30'	10'	.3118	.9502	50'
20'	.05814	0.9983	40'	40'	.1851	.9827	20'	20'	.3145	.9492	40'
30'	.06105	0.9981	30'	50'	.1880	.9822	10'	30'	.3173	.9483	30'
40'	.06395	0.9980	20'	<b>11°</b>	.1908	.9816	<b>79°</b>	40'	.3201	.9474	20'
50'	.06685	0.9978	10'	10'	.1937	.9811	50'	50'	.3228	.9465	10'
<b>4°</b>	.06976	0.9976	<b>86°</b>	20'	.1965	.9805	40'	<b>19°</b>	.3256	.9455	<b>71°</b>
10'	.07266	0.9974	50'	30'	.1994	.9799	30'	10'	.3283	.9446	50'
20'	.07556	0.9971	40'	40'	.2022	.9793	20'	20'	.3311	.9436	40'
30'	.07846	0.9969	30'	50'	.2051	.9787	10'	30'	.3338	.9426	30'
40'	.08136	0.9967	20'	<b>12°</b>	.2079	.9781	<b>78°</b>	40'	.3365	.9417	20'
50'	.08426	0.9964	10'	10'	.2108	.9775	50'	50'	.3393	.9407	10'
<b>5°</b>	.08716	0.9962	<b>85°</b>	20'	.2136	.9769	40'	<b>20°</b>	.3420	.9397	<b>70°</b>
10'	.09005	0.9959	50'	30'	.2164	.9763	30'	10'	.3448	.9387	50'
20'	.09295	0.9957	40'	40'	.2193	.9757	20'	20'	.3475	.9377	40'
30'	.09585	0.9954	30'	50'	.2221	.9750	10'	30'	.3502	.9367	30'
40'	.09874	0.9951	20'	<b>13°</b>	.2250	.9744	<b>77°</b>	40'	.3529	.9356	20'
50'	.10164	0.9948	10'	10'	.2278	.9737	50'	50'	.3557	.9346	10'
<b>6°</b>	.10453	0.9945	<b>84°</b>	20'	.2306	.9730	40'	<b>21°</b>	.3584	.9336	<b>69°</b>
10'	.1074	0.9942	50'	30'	.2334	.9724	30'	10'	.3611	.9325	50'
20'	.1103	0.9939	40'	40'	.2363	.9717	20'	20'	.3638	.9315	40'
30'	.1132	0.9936	30'	50'	.2391	.9710	10'	30'	.3665	.9304	30'
40'	.1161	0.9932	20'	<b>14°</b>	.2419	.9703	<b>76°</b>	40'	.3692	.9293	20'
50'	.1190	0.9929	10'	10'	.2447	.9696	50'	50'	.3719	.9283	10'
<b>7°</b>	.1219	0.9925	<b>83°</b>	20'	.2476	.9689	40'	<b>22°</b>	.3746	.9272	<b>68°</b>
10'	.1248	0.9922	50'	30'	.2504	.9681	30'	10'	.3773	.9261	50'
20'	.1276	0.9918	40'	40'	.2532	.9674	20'	20'	.3800	.9250	40'
30'	.1305	0.9914	30'	50'	.2560	.9667	10'	30'	.3827	.9239	30'
			<b>82°</b>	<b>15°</b>	.2588	.9659	<b>75°</b>				<b>67°</b>
	$\cos \theta$	$\sin \theta$	$\theta$		$\cos \theta$	$\sin \theta$	$\theta$		$\cos \theta$	$\sin \theta$	$\theta$

## Natural Sines and Cosines.

$\phi$	$\sin \phi$	$\cos \phi$		$\phi$	$\sin \phi$	$\cos \phi$		$\phi$	$\sin \phi$	$\cos \phi$	
<b>22°</b>				<b>30°</b>	.5000	.8660		<b>60°</b>	<b>37°</b>		
30'	.3827	.9239	30'	10'	.5025	.8646	50'	30'	.6088	.7934	30'
40'	.3854	.9228	20'	20'	.5050	.8631	40'	40'	.6111	.7916	20'
50'	.3881	.9216	10'	30'	.5075	.8616	30'	50'	.6134	.7898	10'
<b>23°</b>	.3907	.9205	<b>67°</b>	40'	.5100	.8601	20'	<b>38°</b>	.6157	.7880	<b>52°</b>
10'	.3934	.9194	50'	50'	.5125	.8587	10'	10'	.6180	.7862	50'
20'	.3961	.9182	40'	<b>31°</b>	.5150	.8572	<b>59°</b>	20'	.6202	.7844	40'
30'	.3987	.9171	30'	10'	.5175	.8557	50'	30'	.6225	.7826	30'
40'	.4014	.9159	20'	20'	.5200	.8542	40'	40'	.6248	.7808	20'
50'	.4041	.9147	10'	30'	.5225	.8526	30'	50'	.6271	.7790	10'
<b>24°</b>	.4067	.9135	<b>66°</b>	40'	.5250	.8511	20'	<b>39°</b>	.6293	.7771	<b>51°</b>
10'	.4094	.9124	50'	50'	.5275	.8496	10'	10'	.6316	.7753	50'
20'	.4120	.9112	40'	<b>32°</b>	.5299	.8480	<b>58°</b>	20'	.6338	.7735	40'
30'	.4147	.9100	30'	10'	.5324	.8465	50'	30'	.6361	.7716	30'
40'	.4173	.9088	20'	20'	.5348	.8450	40'	40'	.6383	.7698	20'
50'	.4200	.9075	10'	30'	.5373	.8434	30'	50'	.6406	.7679	10'
<b>25°</b>	.4226	.9063	<b>65°</b>	40'	.5398	.8418	20'	<b>40°</b>	.6428	.7660	<b>50°</b>
10'	.4253	.9051	50'	50'	.5422	.8403	10'	10'	.6450	.7642	50'
20'	.4279	.9038	40'	<b>33°</b>	.5446	.8387	<b>57°</b>	20'	.6472	.7623	40'
30'	.4305	.9026	30'	10'	.5471	.8371	50'	30'	.6494	.7604	30'
40'	.4331	.9013	20'	20'	.5495	.8355	40'	40'	.6517	.7585	20'
50'	.4358	.9001	10'	30'	.5519	.8339	30'	50'	.6539	.7566	10'
<b>26°</b>	.4384	.8988	<b>64°</b>	40'	.5544	.8323	20'	<b>41°</b>	.6561	.7547	<b>49°</b>
10'	.4410	.8975	50'	50'	.5568	.8307	10'	10'	.6583	.7528	50'
20'	.4436	.8962	40'	<b>34°</b>	.5592	.8290	<b>56°</b>	20'	.6604	.7509	40'
30'	.4462	.8949	30'	10'	.5616	.8274	50'	30'	.6626	.7490	30'
40'	.4488	.8936	20'	20'	.5640	.8258	40'	40'	.6648	.7470	20'
50'	.4514	.8923	10'	30'	.5664	.8241	30'	50'	.6670	.7451	10'
<b>27°</b>	.4540	.8910	<b>63°</b>	40'	.5688	.8225	20'	<b>42°</b>	.6691	.7431	<b>48°</b>
10'	.4566	.8897	50'	50'	.5712	.8208	10'	10'	.6713	.7412	50'
20'	.4592	.8884	40'	<b>35°</b>	.5736	.8192	<b>55°</b>	20'	.6734	.7392	40'
30'	.4617	.8870	30'	10'	.5760	.8175	50'	30'	.6756	.7373	30'
40'	.4643	.8857	20'	20'	.5783	.8158	40'	40'	.6777	.7353	20'
50'	.4669	.8843	10'	30'	.5807	.8141	30'	50'	.6799	.7333	10'
<b>28°</b>	.4695	.8829	<b>62°</b>	40'	.5831	.8124	20'	<b>43°</b>	.6820	.7314	<b>47°</b>
10'	.4720	.8816	50'	50'	.5854	.8107	10'	10'	.6841	.7294	50'
20'	.4746	.8802	40'	<b>36°</b>	.5878	.8090	<b>54°</b>	20'	.6862	.7274	40'
30'	.4772	.8788	30'	10'	.5901	.8073	50'	30'	.6884	.7254	30'
40'	.4797	.8774	20'	20'	.5925	.8056	40'	40'	.6905	.7234	20'
50'	.4823	.8760	10'	30'	.5948	.8039	30'	50'	.6926	.7214	10'
<b>29°</b>	.4848	.8746	<b>61°</b>	40'	.5972	.8021	20'	<b>44°</b>	.6947	.7193	<b>46°</b>
10'	.4874	.8732	50'	50'	.5995	.8004	10'	10'	.6967	.7173	50'
20'	.4899	.8718	40'	<b>37°</b>	.6018	.7986	<b>53°</b>	20'	.6988	.7153	40'
30'	.4924	.8704	30'	10'	.6041	.7969	50'	30'	.7009	.7133	30'
40'	.4950	.8689	20'	20'	.6065	.7951	40'	40'	.7030	.7112	20'
50'	.4975	.8675	10'	30'	.6088	.7934	30'	50'	.7050	.7092	10'
<b>30°</b>	.5000	.8660	<b>60°</b>				<b>52°</b>	<b>45°</b>	.7071	.7071	<b>45°</b>
	$\cos \theta$	$\sin \theta$	$\theta$		$\cos \theta$	$\sin \theta$	$\theta$		$\cos \theta$	$\sin \theta$	$\theta$

## Natural Tangents and Cotangents.

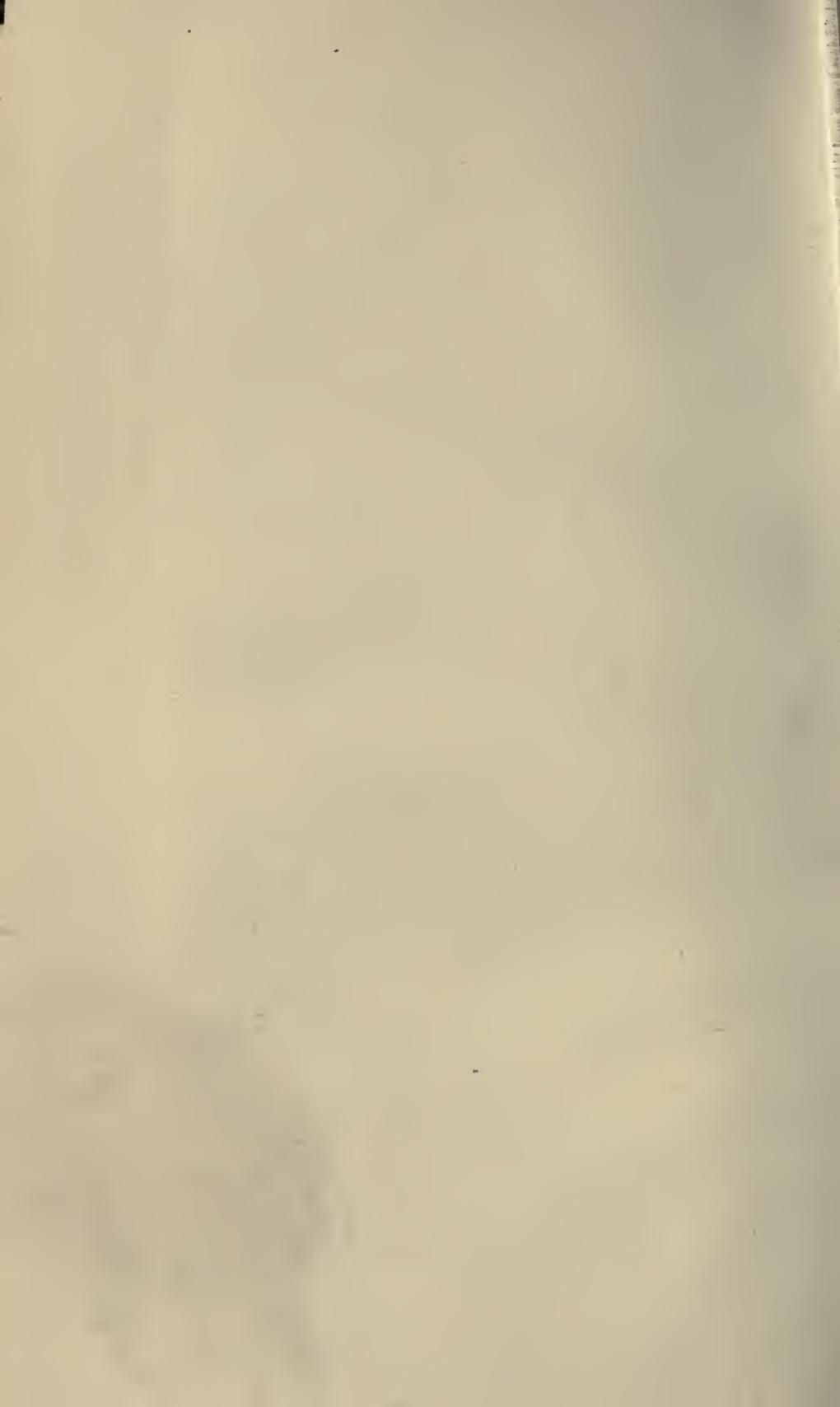
## Natural Tangents and Cotangents.

## Natural Secants and Cosecants.

$\phi$	sec $\phi$	csc $\phi$		$\phi$	sec $\phi$	csc $\phi$		$\phi$	sec $\phi$	csc $\phi$	
<b>0°</b>	1.0000			<b>90°</b>	<b>7°</b>			<b>15°</b>	1.035	3.864	<b>75°</b>
10'	1.0000			50'	1.009	7.66		30'	1.036	3.822	50'
20'	1.0000			40'	1.009	7.50		20'	1.037	3.782	40'
30'	1.0000			50'	1.009	7.34		10'	1.038	3.742	30'
40'	1.0001			<b>8°</b>	1.010	7.19	<b>82°</b>	40'	1.039	3.703	20'
50'	1.0001			10'	1.010	7.04	50'	50'	1.039	3.665	10'
<b>1°</b>	1.0002	57.		<b>89°</b>	20'	1.011	6.90	<b>16°</b>	1.040	3.628	<b>74°</b>
10'	1.0002	49.		30'	1.011	6.77	30'	10'	1.041	3.592	50'
20'	1.0003	43.		40'	1.012	6.64	20'	20'	1.042	3.556	40'
30'	1.0003	38.		50'	1.012	6.51	10'	30'	1.043	3.521	30'
40'	1.0004	34.		<b>9°</b>	1.012	6.39	<b>81°</b>	40'	1.044	3.487	20'
50'	1.0005	31.		10'	1.013	6.277	50'	50'	1.045	3.453	10'
<b>2°</b>	1.0006	28.7		<b>88°</b>	20'	1.013	6.166	<b>17°</b>	1.046	3.420	<b>73°</b>
10'	1.0007	26.5		30'	1.014	6.059	30'	10'	1.047	3.388	50'
20'	1.0008	24.6		40'	1.014	5.955	20'	20'	1.048	3.356	40'
30'	1.0010	22.9		50'	1.015	5.855	10'	30'	1.049	3.326	30'
40'	1.0011	21.5		<b>10°</b>	1.015	5.759	<b>80°</b>	40'	1.049	3.295	20'
50'	1.0012	20.2		10'	1.016	5.665	50'	50'	1.050	3.265	10'
<b>3°</b>	1.0014	19.1		<b>87°</b>	20'	1.016	5.575	<b>18°</b>	1.051	3.236	<b>72°</b>
10'	1.0015	18.1		30'	1.017	5.487	30'	10'	1.052	3.207	50'
20'	1.0017	17.2		40'	1.018	5.403	20'	20'	1.053	3.179	40'
30'	1.0019	16.4		50'	1.018	5.320	10'	30'	1.054	3.152	30'
40'	1.0021	15.6		<b>11°</b>	1.019	5.241	<b>79°</b>	40'	1.056	3.124	20'
50'	1.0022	15.0		10'	1.019	5.164	50'	50'	1.057	3.098	10'
<b>4°</b>	1.0024	14.3		<b>86°</b>	20'	1.020	5.089	<b>19°</b>	1.058	3.072	<b>71°</b>
10'	1.0026	13.76		30'	1.020	5.016	30'	10'	1.059	3.046	50'
20'	1.0029	13.23		40'	1.021	4.945	20'	20'	1.060	3.021	40'
30'	1.0031	12.75		50'	1.022	4.876	10'	30'	1.061	2.996	30'
40'	1.0033	12.29		<b>12°</b>	1.022	4.810	<b>78°</b>	40'	1.062	2.971	20'
50'	1.0036	11.87		10'	1.023	4.745	50'	50'	1.063	2.947	10'
<b>5°</b>	1.0038	11.47		<b>85°</b>	20'	1.024	4.682	<b>20°</b>	1.064	2.924	<b>70°</b>
10'	1.0041	11.10		30'	1.024	4.620	30'	10'	1.065	2.901	50'
20'	1.0043	10.76		40'	1.025	4.560	20'	20'	1.066	2.878	40'
30'	1.0046	10.43		50'	1.026	4.502	10'	30'	1.068	2.855	30'
40'	1.0049	10.13		<b>13°</b>	1.026	4.445	<b>77°</b>	40'	1.069	2.833	20'
50'	1.0052	9.84		10'	1.027	4.390	50'	50'	1.070	2.812	10'
<b>6°</b>	1.0055	9.57		<b>84°</b>	20'	1.028	4.336	<b>21°</b>	1.071	2.790	<b>69°</b>
10'	1.0058	9.31		30'	1.028	4.284	30'	10'	1.072	2.769	50'
20'	1.0061	9.07		40'	1.029	4.232	20'	20'	1.074	2.749	40'
30'	1.0065	8.83		50'	1.030	4.182	10'	30'	1.075	2.729	30'
40'	1.0068	8.61		<b>14°</b>	1.031	4.134	<b>76°</b>	40'	1.076	2.709	20'
50'	1.0072	8.40		10'	1.031	4.086	50'	50'	1.077	2.689	10'
<b>7°</b>	1.0075	8.21		<b>83°</b>	20'	1.032	4.039	<b>22°</b>	1.079	2.669	<b>68°</b>
10'	1.0079	8.02		30'	1.033	3.994	30'	10'	1.080	2.650	50'
20'	1.0082	7.83		40'	1.034	3.950	20'	20'	1.081	2.632	40'
30'	1.0086	7.66		50'	1.034	3.906	10'	30'	1.082	2.613	30'
				<b>82°</b>	<b>15°</b>	1.035	3.864	<b>75°</b>			<b>67°</b>
	csc $\theta$	sec $\theta$	$\theta$		csc $\theta$	sec $\theta$	$\theta$		csc $\theta$	sec $\theta$	$\theta$

## Natural Secants and Cosecants.

$\psi$	sec $\phi$	csc $\phi$		$\phi$	sec $\phi$	csc $\phi$		$\phi$	sec $\phi$	csc $\phi$		
<b>22°</b>				<b>30°</b>	1.155	2.000		<b>60°</b>	<b>37°</b>			
30'	1.082	2.613	30'	10'	1.157	1.990	50'	30'	1.260	1.643	30'	
40'	1.084	2.595	20'	20'	1.159	1.980	40'	40'	1.263	1.636	20'	
50'	1.085	2.577	10'	30'	1.161	1.970	30'	50'	1.266	1.630	10'	
<b>23°</b>	1.086	2.559		<b>67°</b>	40'	1.163	1.961	20'	<b>38°</b>	1.269	1.624	<b>52°</b>
10'	1.088	2.542	50'	50'	1.165	1.951	10'					
20'	1.089	2.525	40'	<b>31°</b>	1.167	1.942	<b>59°</b>	20'	1.275	1.612	40'	
30'	1.090	2.508	30'	10'	1.169	1.932	50'	30'	1.278	1.606	30'	
40'	1.092	2.491	20'	20'	1.171	1.923	40'	40'	1.281	1.601	20'	
50'	1.093	2.475	10'	30'	1.173	1.914	30'	50'	1.284	1.595	10'	
<b>24°</b>	1.095	2.459		<b>66°</b>	40'	1.175	1.905	20'	<b>39°</b>	1.287	1.589	<b>51°</b>
10'	1.096	2.443	50'	50'	1.177	1.896	10'					
20'	1.097	2.427	40'	<b>32°</b>	1.179	1.887	<b>58°</b>	20'	1.293	1.578	40'	
30'	1.099	2.411	30'	10'	1.181	1.878	50'	30'	1.296	1.572	30'	
40'	1.100	2.396	20'	20'	1.184	1.870	40'	40'	1.299	1.567	20'	
50'	1.102	2.381	10'	30'	1.186	1.861	30'	50'	1.302	1.561	10'	
<b>25°</b>	1.103	2.366		<b>65°</b>	40'	1.188	1.853	20'	<b>40°</b>	1.305	1.556	<b>50°</b>
10'	1.105	2.352	50'	50'	1.190	1.844	10'					
20'	1.106	2.337	40'	<b>33°</b>	1.192	1.836	<b>57°</b>	20'	1.312	1.545	40'	
30'	1.108	2.323	30'	10'	1.195	1.828	50'	30'	1.315	1.540	30'	
40'	1.109	2.309	20'	20'	1.197	1.820	40'	40'	1.318	1.538	20'	
50'	1.111	2.295	10'	30'	1.199	1.812	30'	50'	1.322	1.529	10'	
<b>26°</b>	1.113	2.281		<b>64°</b>	40'	1.202	1.804	20'	<b>41°</b>	1.325	1.524	<b>49°</b>
10'	1.114	2.268	50'	50'	1.204	1.796	10'					
20'	1.116	2.254	40'	<b>34°</b>	1.206	1.788	<b>56°</b>	20'	1.328	1.519	40'	
30'	1.117	2.241	30'	10'	1.209	1.781	50'	30'	1.332	1.514	30'	
40'	1.119	2.228	20'	20'	1.211	1.773	40'	40'	1.335	1.509	20'	
50'	1.121	2.215	10'	30'	1.213	1.766	30'	50'	1.339	1.504	10'	
<b>27°</b>	1.122	2.203		<b>63°</b>	40'	1.216	1.758	20'	<b>42°</b>	1.346	1.494	<b>48°</b>
10'	1.124	2.190	50'	50'	1.218	1.751	10'					
20'	1.126	2.178	40'	<b>35°</b>	1.221	1.743	<b>55°</b>	20'	1.349	1.490	40'	
30'	1.127	2.166	30'	10'	1.223	1.736	50'	30'	1.353	1.485	30'	
40'	1.129	2.154	20'	20'	1.226	1.729	40'	40'	1.356	1.480	20'	
50'	1.131	2.142	10'	30'	1.228	1.722	30'	50'	1.360	1.476	10'	
<b>28°</b>	1.133	2.130		<b>62°</b>	40'	1.231	1.715	20'	<b>43°</b>	1.367	1.466	<b>47°</b>
10'	1.134	2.118	50'	50'	1.233	1.708	10'					
20'	1.136	2.107	40'	<b>36°</b>	1.236	1.701	<b>54°</b>	20'	1.371	1.462	40'	
30'	1.138	2.096	30'	10'	1.239	1.695	50'	30'	1.375	1.457	30'	
40'	1.140	2.085	20'	20'	1.241	1.688	40'	40'	1.379	1.453	20'	
50'	1.142	2.074	10'	30'	1.244	1.681	30'	50'	1.382	1.448	10'	
<b>29°</b>	1.143	2.063		<b>61°</b>	40'	1.247	1.675	20'	<b>44°</b>	1.390	1.440	<b>46°</b>
10'	1.145	2.052	50'	50'	1.249	1.668	10'					
20'	1.147	2.041	40'	<b>37°</b>	1.252	1.662	<b>53°</b>	20'	1.394	1.435	40'	
30'	1.149	2.031	30'	10'	1.255	1.655	50'	30'	1.398	1.431	30'	
40'	1.151	2.020	20'	20'	1.258	1.649	40'	40'	1.402	1.427	20'	
50'	1.153	2.010	10'	30'	1.260	1.643	30'	50'	1.406	1.423	10'	
<b>30°</b>	1.155	2.000		<b>60°</b>				<b>52°</b>	<b>45°</b>	1.414	1.414	<b>45°</b>
	csc $\theta$	sec $\theta$	$\theta$		csc $\theta$	sec $\theta$	$\theta$		csc $\theta$	sec $\theta$	$\theta$	



## EXPLANATION OF THE TABLES.

---

### § 1. TABLES IN GENERAL.

a. One quantity is said to be a **function** of another, when the former quantity is regarded as determined by the latter, according to some rule or formula. E. g.  $x^2$ ,  $\sqrt{x}$ ,  $\log x$ ,  $\sin x$ ,  $\log \sin x$ , are all called functions of  $x$ . A **mathematical table** is an orderly arrangement of the values of some function for certain selected values of the quantity by which it is regarded as determined. The successive values of the latter quantity are assumed arbitrarily, and generally at equal intervals; and this quantity is called the **argument** of the table. Some functions require several independent quantities for their determination; and the corresponding tables are tables of several arguments. Thus, a multiplication-table is a table of *two* arguments; namely, the two factors.

b. A table may be used in two ways: **directly** and **inversely**. The direct use of the table consists in finding the value of the function for an assumed value of the argument; the inverse use, in finding the value of the argument for an assumed value of the function.

c. Before beginning to use any table, the student should give attentive consideration to its arrangement, and to the best mode of employing it with accuracy and ease. Every feature of it should be carefully examined, and the explanations which are attached to it should be fully mastered. The time thus spent will be time gained, contributing not only to power in computation, but also, very materially, to the thorough practical knowledge of the nature of the tabulated functions.

### § 2. INTERPOLATION.

a. **Interpolation** consists in finding the value of one of the two quantities, argument and function, for an assumed value of the other quantity, lying between two successive tabulated values. Most mathematical tables are so constructed as to admit of interpolation by the principle that *corresponding non-tabulated values of the function and argument lie between corresponding tabulated values and divide the differences between them in the same ratio*. This is the principle of **proportional parts**. Let  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  be two successive tabulated values of the argument of a table, and  $u_1$  and  $u_2$  the correspond-

## Explanation of the Tables.

ing values of the function. Then,  $x_2 - x_1$  and  $u_2 - u_1$  are called corresponding tabular differences. We shall denote these differences by  $\Delta x$  and  $\Delta u$ . If, now,  $x$  and  $u$  are corresponding values of the function and argument, of which one is known to lie between the two above-cited tabulated values of the same quantity, the principle of proportional parts is that if

$$\lambda = \frac{x - x_1}{\Delta x}, \quad \lambda' = \frac{x_2 - x}{\Delta x} = 1 - \lambda.$$

$$\mu = \frac{u - u_1}{\Delta u}, \quad \mu' = \frac{u_2 - u}{\Delta u} = 1 - \mu,$$

then (to the limit of accuracy belonging to the table)

$$\lambda = \mu, \quad \lambda' = \mu',$$

or,

$$u = u_1 + \lambda \Delta u = u_2 - \lambda' \Delta u,$$

$$x = x_1 + \mu \Delta x = x_2 - \mu' \Delta x.$$

Thus, the required value of the function or argument may be obtained by applying a **correction** to either of the two tabulated values between which the required value lies. In computing this correction, the *signs* of the differences employed must be carefully observed. If  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  are so chosen as to make  $\Delta x$  positive,  $\Delta u$  may be either positive or negative. In the former case, the function is said to be *increasing*; in the latter, *decreasing*.

b. Either of the two formulas given above for finding  $u$  may be employed, in interpolation, in the direct use of the table; either of the formulas for  $x$  may be employed in the inverse use of the table. In most tables,  $\Delta x =$  one unit in the last numeral place of the tabulated values of  $x$ . Hence  $\lambda$  is composed of the figures which follow that numeral place in the given non-tabulated value of the argument, preceded by a decimal-point; while  $\lambda'$  is the complement of  $\lambda$  (that is, can be found by subtracting from 9 each figure of  $\lambda$  except the last, and subtracting that from 10). The correction for  $u$  is, therefore, found simply by multiplying the figures in question into  $\Delta u$ , and pointing off according to the case;  $x$  will be corrected by annexing to  $x_1$  the figures of  $\frac{u - u_1}{\Delta u}$ , or the figures complementary to  $\frac{u_2 - u}{\Delta u}$ .

c. In some of the tables of this collection will be found, set against each value of the function, a number in small type, which shows what  $\Delta u$  would be if the function varied through a whole interval corresponding to  $\Delta x$  at the same rate at which it is changing when it passes through the value against which this number is set. This number may be called the *rate of difference*, or simply the *difference*, of  $u$ , and may be substituted for  $\Delta u$  in the formulas of interpolation. But, in that case, we ought to work from the NEAREST tabulated value of  $x$  or  $u$ ; that is, from  $x_1$  or  $u_1$  when  $\lambda$  or  $\mu < 0.5$ , and from  $x_2$  or  $u_2$  when  $\lambda'$  or  $\mu' < 0.5$ . (See examples in the explanation of the table of *Logarithms of Circular Functions*.)

d. An interpolated value of the function should not be carried out beyond the last numeral place of the tabulated value from which it is computed; so that, in finding  $\lambda \Delta u$  or  $\lambda' \Delta u$ , we should reject the decimal part of the product,  $\Delta u$  being regarded as an integer. Owing to the combination of the figures rejected in the correction and those omitted in the tabulated value of the function, an interpolated value is liable to an error of  $\pm 1$  in the last figure.

The number of figures annexed to the tabulated value of the argument, in inverse interpolation, should be less by one than the number of figures contained in  $\Delta u$ . It is sometimes, indeed, made equal to the latter number (and will always be, if  $\Delta u$  consists of only one figure); but, in that case, the last figure must be regarded as *uncertain*. When the given value of the function is the result of computation, of course this uncertainty may extend back to earlier figures.

e. In taking the correction of either the function or the argument only to a certain number of figures, we must observe the following rule, which is a universal rule of computation:—

Whenever figures are neglected at the end of a number, if the figures neglected amount to more than half a unit in the place of the last figure retained, the last figure retained must be increased by 1. E. g.  $27.528 = 27.53$  to the nearest hundredth =  $27.5$  to the nearest tenth =  $28$  to the nearest unit =  $30$  to the nearest ten.

f. The various rules of interpolation will be found to be fully exemplified below, in the explanations of the tables of *Logarithms* and *Logarithms of Circular Functions*.

g. In interpolating in some tables (e. g. in VLACQ's great ten-place table), we must have regard to **second differences**, or differences between differences. In this case, we add to the above formulas for  $u$  the term

$$-\frac{1}{2} \lambda \lambda' \Delta^2 u,$$

where  $\Delta^2 u$  denotes the second difference of  $u$ , taken positively when  $\Delta u$  is increasing. The greatest value of this term is one eighth of  $\Delta^2 u$ , so that it is insignificant when  $\Delta^2 u < 4$ . In the present tables this term may always be neglected; although it is useful as measuring the extent of error, and may occasionally guide the judgment of the computer when the fractional part of the correction is equal, or nearly equal, to 0.5. But where such nicety of work seems to be called for, it is best to use a table of a larger number of places.

### § 3. PROPORTIONAL PARTS.

a. The table of **Proportional Parts** (folded page) may be used in connexion with any other table, as an aid in *interpolation*. It contains the product of every integer from 1 to 100 by every tenth from 0.1 to 0.9. If the multiplier consists of one figure in any other numeral place, it is only necessary to change the position of the decimal-point in the product. To multiply a number of two figures by any decimal whatever, we must find the products which correspond to the successive figures of the multiplier, and add them together. The decimal part of the result is generally to be discarded, and in that case the general rule given above (in § 2, e) must be observed. Thus, let it be required to find  $0.619 \times 37$ . Looking in the column belonging to 37, we find

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 0.6 & \times 37 & = 22.2 \\ 0.01 & \times 37 & = 0.37 \\ 0.009 & \times 37 & = \underline{0.333} \\ \therefore 0.619 & \times 37 & = 23. \end{array}$$

## Explanation of the Tables.

In like manner, we find

$$\begin{array}{lll} 0.27 \times 15 = 4, & 0.59 \times 73 = 43, & 0.78 \times 69 = 54, \\ 0.96 \times 84 = 81, & 0.36 \times 57 = 21, & 0.289 \times 51 = 15, \\ 0.483 \times 93 = 45, & 0.374 \times 82 = 31, & 0.053 \times 68 = 4. \end{array}$$

b. This table can also be used *inversely*. Thus, let it be required to find, to two decimal-places, what part 36 is of 79. Looking in the column of 79, we find

$$\begin{array}{r} 36 \\ 0.4 \times 79 = \frac{31.6}{4.4} \end{array}$$

$$0.06 \times 79 = 4.74 \text{ (the nearest product)}$$

$$\therefore \frac{36}{79} = 0.46.$$

In like manner, we find

$$\frac{29}{68} = 0.43, \quad \frac{72}{89} = 0.81, \quad \frac{31}{98} = 0.32, \quad \frac{26}{71} = 0.37, \quad \frac{45}{57} = 0.79, \quad \frac{11}{37} = 0.30.$$

A little practice will enable the student to use this table easily and rapidly.

### § 4. LOGARITHMS.

a. **Denary**, or **Briggsian**, logarithms, being those employed in actual computation, are always referred to, in this collection of tables, when the term *logarithm* is used without qualification. The **characteristic**, or integral part, of the denary logarithm of a number depends only on the position of the first significant figure of the number relatively to the units' place, and may be found by a well-known rule; the **mantissa**, or fractional part, depends only on the series of significant figures which compose the number, and is the only part of the logarithm for which it is necessary to employ a table. A table of logarithms is complete, to an assigned number of places, if it gives (explicitly or by interpolation) to that number of places the mantissa of the logarithm of every possible series of significant figures. Denary logarithms are, in general, incommensurable numbers, and cannot, therefore, be exactly expressed in figures. They are variously given, in different tables, to ten, seven, six, five, four, and three places of decimals. Four-place logarithms are sufficient for the ordinary purposes of engineering, navigation, the work of the physical and chemical laboratory, and many of the subordinate computations of astronomy; and, in most of these cases, are all that the accuracy of the data will justify us in using. Seven places are, however, needful for the more accurate kinds of astronomical and geodetic work.

b. If one number is the logarithm of another, the second number is called the **antilogarithm** of the first. This relation is denoted by the symbol  $\log^{-1}$ . Thus, if  $u = \log x$ , then  $x = \log^{-1} u$ . In an ordinary table of logarithms, the *argument* is the antilogarithm, which is tabulated to a greater or less number of figures, according to the number of places to

which the logarithm is given, and the *function* is the mantissa of the logarithm, which we often speak of simply as the *logarithm*.

**To find the logarithm of any number.**

c. If the number consists of *three significant figures*, seek the first two significant figures in the first column of the table of **Logarithms** (pp. 2, 3), and the third at the top of the table. In the line and column thus determined will be found the mantissa of the required logarithm, printed without the decimal-point. Find the characteristic by the rule, and prefix it, with the decimal-point, to the mantissa. E. g.,  $\log 2870 = 3.4579$ . If the given number has *less than three significant figures*, fill it out to three figures by annexing a zero or zeros. E. g.,  $\log 0.35 = \log 0.350 = 9.5441 - 10$ ,  $\log 6 = \log 6.00 = 0.7782$ . If the number has *more than three significant figures*, its logarithm must be found by one of the formulas of interpolation given above. The rule is:—*Find the logarithm of the first three significant figures of the given number and also that of the next following number of three figures (1000 following 999); then apply to EITHER of these two logarithms a correction, obtained by multiplying the difference between them by the difference between the given number and the three-figure number which corresponds to the logarithm chosen to be corrected, and rejecting (with due attention to the rule of § 2, e) as many figures at the end of the product as are contained in the latter difference.* The table of **Proportional Parts** may be employed in performing the multiplications. Thus, to find  $\log 5668.4$ . Using the notation of the formulas of interpolation, and remembering that the place of the decimal-point in the given number may be disregarded in finding the mantissa of the required logarithm, we have

$$\begin{array}{ll} x_1 = 566, & u_1 = \text{mant } \log x_1 = 7528, \\ x_2 = 567, & u_2 = \text{mant } \log x_2 = 7536, \\ \Delta x = 1, & \Delta u = 8; \end{array}$$

so that  $\log x$  may be found by either of the following methods:—

$$\lambda = 0.84, \quad \lambda \Delta u = 6.72 = 7 \text{ to units}, \quad u = 7528 + 7 = 7535;$$

or,

$$\lambda' = 1 - \lambda = 0.16, \quad \lambda' \Delta u = 1.28 = 1 \text{ to units}, \quad u = 7536 - 1 = 7535.$$

$$\therefore \log 5668.4 = 3.7535.$$

Let the beginner find the following logarithms by this method:—

$$\begin{array}{ll} \log 59.43 = 1.7740, & \log 0.0081472 = 7.9110 - 10, \\ \log 284.8 = 2.4545, & \log 572820 = 5.7581, \\ \log 0.073748 = 8.8678 - 10, & \log 0.50167 = 9.7004 - 10, \\ \log 3.1607 = 0.4998, & \log 99968 = 4.9999. \end{array}$$

*The interpolated logarithm should never be carried to more than four decimal-places.*

d. The work of interpolation may be shortened by using the column of proportional parts, marked P. P., on the right of the table. In using this column, one must work from the three-figure number NEAREST to the given

## Explanation of the Tables.

number (in the above example, from 567, not from 566). If the given number has only four figures, so that  $\lambda$  or  $\lambda'$  has only one figure, then the correction will be found in the column P. P., under  $\lambda$  or  $\lambda'$  (according as we are working from the number below or the number above the given number), and in the same line with the logarithm to be corrected. If the given number has more than four figures, the correction must be estimated by the observation of the corrections which correspond to the figures below and above the first figure of  $\lambda$  or  $\lambda'$ . E. g.

$$\text{mant log } 2848 = \text{mant log } 285 - \text{cor. for } .2 = 4548 - 3 = 4545; \\ \text{mant log } 56684 = \text{mant log } 567 - \text{cor. for } .16 = 7536 - 2 = 7534.$$

In the last case the correction is either 1 or 2, and, since .16 is nearer .20 than .10, we choose the correction belonging to .20. Larger tables show that the mantissa of the required logarithm, to five places, is 75346; so that the value found by the column P. P. is here nearly as accurate as that obtained by computation. There is a slightly greater liability to error when we use the column P. P. than when we interpolate by computation; but the disadvantage is generally insignificant. The last figure of an interpolated logarithm obtained from any table may always be one unit in error. E. g.: the true mant log of 57282 to five places is 75802; and this is a case in which the column P. P. gives a better result than computation.

The student is advised now to find all the logarithms in the above list by using the column P. P.

e. If the first figure of the given number is 1, it will be found tabulated to four figures in pp. 4, 5. The correction for a fifth and following figures may be found by the method of interpolation explained in c. As the differences are always small on these pages, and the corrections easily computed, the column P. P. is not here given; but, to facilitate taking the last difference, we have printed at the end of each line, under the heading 10, the first logarithm of the following line. Let the student find the following logarithms:—

$$\log 11.737 = 1.0696, \quad \log 0.00100066 = 7.0003 - 10, \\ \log 0.15703 = 9.1960 - 10, \quad \log 18597. = 4.2694.$$

### To find the antilogarithm of any logarithm.

f. It is enough to explain the way of finding the series of significant figures which compose the antilogarithm, by means of the mantissa of the given logarithm; the pointing off of the antilogarithm being determined, according to rule, by the given characteristic. If the mantissa of the given logarithm is contained in the table, the required antilogarithm is at once found by inspection. Otherwise, we must resort to the formulas of interpolation, which give the following rule:—Find two successive tabulated logarithms ( $u_1$  and  $u_2$ ) between which the given logarithm ( $u$ ) lies; then divide the difference between either of these tabulated logarithms and the given logarithm ( $u - u_1$  or  $u_2 - u$ ) by the difference between the tabulated logarithms ( $\Delta u$ ), carry out the quotient to the NEAREST tenth (that is, to one figure, which may be 0), and add it to or subtract it from the antilogarithm ( $x_1$  or  $x_2$ ) of the tabulated logarithm ( $u_1$  or  $u_2$ ) with which the given logarithm has been compared. The antilogarithm is always a figure annexed to the three or four tabulated figures of  $x_1$ .

## Logarithms of Sums and Differences.

The division should not generally be carried beyond one figure. Even the first figure is, in most cases, somewhat uncertain. If the mantissa of the given logarithm is less than 3010, pp. 4, 5 should be used. On pp. 2, 3, the column P. P. may be employed.

Let it be required to find  $\log^{-1} 1.5284$ . We find

$$u_1 = 5276, \quad x_1 = 337, \quad u - u_1 = 8, \quad u_2 - u = 5,$$

$$u_2 = 5289, \quad x_2 = 338, \quad \mu = \mu \Delta x = \frac{8}{13} = 0.6\dots,$$

$$\Delta u = 13, \quad \Delta x = 1, \quad \mu' = \mu' \Delta x = \frac{5}{13} = 0.4\dots,$$

$$x = 337 + 0.6 = 338 - 0.4 = 337.6;$$

$$\therefore \log^{-1} 1.5284 = 33.76.$$

More briefly, looking along the line of  $u_2 = 5289$  for  $5 = u_2 - u$  in column P. P., we find that 5 corresponds to the correction 4, which gives at once the required number. In like manner, the student may find

$$\log^{-1} 1.9155 = 82.32, \quad \log^{-1} (5.8760 - 10) = 0.00007517,$$

$$\log^{-1} 3.8291 = 6747, \quad \log^{-1} (9.5727 - 10) = 0.3738,$$

$$\log^{-1} 0.1548 = 1.4283, \quad \log^{-1} (8.2731 - 10) = 0.018755.$$

g. The convenient usage of *making negative characteristics positive*, by the addition of 10, is followed, throughout the present collection of tables, whenever logarithms are printed with their characteristics. This must be always understood, though no explicit reference be made to it in the explanation of the table.

### § 5. LOGARITHMS OF SUMS AND DIFFERENCES.

a. This is one form of a table devised by GAUSS to facilitate finding the logarithm of the *sum* or *difference* of two numbers which are themselves given only by their logarithms. The *argument* of the table is any logarithm, and may be called  $\log x$ ; the *function* tabulated is then  $\log(x+1)$ . It follows that, if the function is denoted by  $\log x$ , the argument is  $\log(x-1)$ . The function may be called the **Gaussian** of the argument, and the argument the **anti-Gaussian** of the function; and the symbols  $\mathfrak{G}$  and  $\mathfrak{G}^{-1}$  may be used to denote these relations. Thus we have

$$\log(x+1) = \mathfrak{G} \log x, \quad \log(x-1) = \mathfrak{G}^{-1} \log x.$$

b. **To find the Gaussian of a given logarithm.** Seek the characteristic of the given logarithm (increased by 10 if negative) at the top of the table, and the first two figures of the mantissa in the left-hand column. If the third and fourth figures of the mantissa are zero, the Gaussian will be found in the column and line thus determined; otherwise, it can be obtained by the method of interpolation which has been fully explained in § 2. In three columns of the table, the *rate of difference* of the Gaussian is printed in small type after the value of the function, and may be used instead of the tabular difference of the Gaussian *through half the tabular interval before and after* the value to which it is attached, as explained in

## Explanation of the Tables.

§ 2, c, and completely illustrated below, in the explanation of the table of *Logarithms of Circular Functions*. The table of Proportional Parts may be employed in computing the corrections. Examples :—

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{G} 1.0960 = 1.1295, & \text{G} (7.5265 - 10) = 0.0015, \\ \text{G} 3.8129 = 3.8130, & \text{G} (9.6431 - 10) = 0.1582. \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{If } \log x < 6.0000 - 10, & \log(x+1) = 0.0000 \text{ to four places;} \\ \text{if } \log x > 4.0000, & \log(x+1) = \log x \text{ to four places.} \end{array}$$

c. **To find the anti-Gaussian of a given logarithm.** Seek, in the body of the table, two successive logarithms between which the given logarithm lies, and then find the corresponding value of the argument by interpolation. Examples :—

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{G}^{-1} 1.0960 = 1.0597, & \text{G}^{-1} 0.1051 = 9.4373 - 10, \\ \text{G}^{-1} 3.8129 = 3.8128, & \text{G}^{-1} 1.0216 = 0.9782. \end{array}$$

d. **To find the logarithm of the sum or difference of the anti-logarithms of two given logarithms.** If  $m$  and  $n$  are two numbers,

$$\begin{aligned} m+n &= n\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1\right), & m-n &= n\left(\frac{m}{n} - 1\right), \\ \log(m+n) &= \log n + \log\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1\right) = \log n + \text{G} \log \frac{m}{n}, \\ \log(m-n) &= \log n + \log\left(\frac{m}{n} - 1\right) = \log n + \text{G}^{-1} \log \frac{m}{n}. \end{aligned}$$

Example :—

Given  $a = 4.142$ ,  $b = 2.399$ ; to find  $\sqrt{(a^2 + b^2)}$  and  $\sqrt{(a^2 - b^2)}$ .

$$\begin{array}{llll} \log a & = 0.6172, & \log b & = 0.3800, \\ \log a^2 & = 1.2344, & \log b^2 & = 0.7600, \\ \log \frac{a^2}{b^2} & = 0.4744; & & \\ \text{G} \log \frac{a^2}{b^2} & = 0.6000, & \text{G}^{-1} \log \frac{a^2}{b^2} & = 0.2970, \\ \log b^2 & = 0.7600, & \log b^2 & = 0.7600, \\ \log(a^2 + b^2) & = 1.3600, & \log(a^2 - b^2) & = 1.0570, \\ \log \sqrt{(a^2 + b^2)} & = 0.6800, & \log \sqrt{(a^2 - b^2)} & = 0.5285, \\ \sqrt{(a^2 + b^2)} & = 4.787; & \sqrt{(a^2 - b^2)} & = 3.377. \end{array}$$

## § 6. CIRCULAR, OR TRIGONOMETRIC, FUNCTIONS: NATURAL VALUES.

a. Three tables of the natural values of the trigonometric functions are given on pp. 22-27. Each table is broken up into six divisions, and occupies two pages. The argument is the angle, which is tabulated at intervals of  $10'$  from  $0^\circ$  to  $90^\circ$ . Angles in the *first half of the quadrant* will be found in the *left-hand column* of the several divisions of the table, and for those angles the names of the functions are to be taken from the *top* of the page; angles in the *second half of the quadrant* are to be found in the *right-hand*

column of the table, and for those angles the names of the functions are to be taken from the bottom of the page. The angles standing at the right and left in the same line are *complements* of each other; and the names of the functions at the top and bottom of the same column are *complementary*. The value of any of the functions for a non-tabulated angle, or the value of the angle for a non-tabulated value of one of the functions, can be found by the method of interpolation explained in § 2. The precepts of § 2, d, e, should be observed in computing the corrections. The tabulated values of the functions are generally given to four significant figures; but, in the tables of tangents and secants, they are sometimes given to a less number of figures (to avoid errors in interpolation), and are sometimes omitted altogether. In these cases the functions can be best found by finding their logarithms by the table of *Logarithms of Circular Functions* (see § 7), and then the numbers corresponding by the table of *Logarithms*.

b. To find any function of an angle greater than  $90^\circ$ , we must subtract from the given angle the greatest multiple of  $90^\circ$  which it contains; if an even multiple has been subtracted, we look out the required function of the remainder; if an odd multiple, the complementary function; and we then fix the sign of the function by considering the quadrant in which the given angle lies. For a negative angle, we find the required function of the corresponding positive angle, and then fix its sign by considering the quadrant of the angle.

c. Examples of the use of these tables :—

$$\begin{array}{lllll} \sin 77^\circ 37' & = & 0.9767, & \tan 53^\circ 04' & = 1.330, \\ \cos 16^\circ 19' & = & 0.9597, & \operatorname{ctn} 3^\circ 18' & = 17.4, \\ \sin 257^\circ 37' & = & -0.9767, & \tan 93^\circ 18' & = -17.4, \\ \cos 163^\circ 41' & = & -0.9597, & \operatorname{ctn} 323^\circ 04' & = -1.330, \\ \sin (-257^\circ 37') & = & 0.9767, & \tan (-93^\circ 18') & = 17.4, \\ \cos (-163^\circ 41') & = & -0.9597, & \operatorname{ctn} (-323^\circ 04') & = 1.330, \end{array} \begin{array}{lllll} \sec 68^\circ 45' & = & 2.759, \\ \csc 55^\circ 13' & = & 1.217, \\ \sec 325^\circ 13' & = & 1.217, \\ \csc 158^\circ 45' & = & 2.759; \\ \sec (-325^\circ 13') & = & 1.217, \\ \csc (-158^\circ 45') & = & -2.759; \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{llll} \sin^{-1} 0.2000 & = & 11^\circ 32' \text{ or } = 168^\circ 28' \text{ or } = 371^\circ 32', \text{ etc.,} \\ \cos^{-1} (-0.3542) & = & 110^\circ 45' \text{ or } = 249^\circ 15' \text{ or } = 830^\circ 45', \text{ etc.,} \\ \tan^{-1} (-4.570) & = & 102^\circ 21' \text{ or } = 282^\circ 21' \text{ or } = -77^\circ 39', \text{ etc.,} \\ \operatorname{ctn}^{-1} 0.3163 & = & 72^\circ 27' \text{ or } = 252^\circ 27' \text{ or } = -107^\circ 33', \text{ etc.,} \\ \sec^{-1} 5.000 & = & 78^\circ 28' \text{ or } = -78^\circ 28' \text{ or } = \pm 281^\circ 32', \text{ etc.,} \\ \csc^{-1} (-3.529) & = & -16^\circ 28' \text{ or } = 196^\circ 28' \text{ or } = -163^\circ 32', \text{ etc.} \end{array}$$

## § 7. LOGARITHMS OF CIRCULAR FUNCTIONS.

**To find the logarithm of any circular function of a given angle.**

a. If the angle is *less than*  $6^\circ$ , the part of the table which occupies the upper half of p. 10 may be used. (See also g.) The *left-hand division* of this part of the table gives the values of a logarithm S (the characteristic and the first two figures of the mantissa being printed at the head of the column), with the angular limits between which each value may be used. Thus, for all positive angles less than  $1^\circ 51'.479$ ,  $S = 6.4637$ ; for all angles between  $1^\circ 51'.479$  and  $2^\circ 49'.567$ ,  $S = 6.4636$ ; etc. The *next following*

## Explanation of the Tables.

*division gives, in like manner, the values of a logarithm T. We must find the logarithm of the angle, reduced to minutes and decimals of a minute, and must then apply the formulas :—*

$$\log \sin \phi = \log (\phi \text{ in minutes}) + S - 10,$$

$$\log \tan \phi = \log (\phi \text{ in minutes}) + T - 10.$$

*The two right-hand divisions of this part of the table give the values of the log sec, with the angular limits for each value. The logarithms of the cosine, cotangent, and cosecant are the arithmetical complements (— 10) of the logarithms of the secant, tangent, and sine, respectively. Example :—*

$$1 \sin 3^\circ 15'.23 = 8.7541, \quad 1 \tan 3^\circ 15'.23 = 8.7548, \quad 1 \sec 3^\circ 15'.23 = 0.0007,$$

$$1 \csc 3^\circ 15'.23 = 1.2459, \quad 1 \ctn 3^\circ 15'.23 = 1.2452, \quad 1 \cos 3^\circ 15'.23 = 9.9993;$$

the negative characteristics being here, as in the following examples, made positive by the addition of 10.

b. If the angle is acute and greater than  $84^\circ$ , we must take its complement, and then seek the function complementary to that required, for the angle thus obtained, by the method just expounded. Example :—

$$1 \sin 86^\circ 44'.77 = 9.9993, \quad 1 \tan 86^\circ 44'.77 = 1.2452, \quad 1 \sec 86^\circ 44'.77 = 1.2459,$$

$$1 \csc 86^\circ 44'.77 = 0.0007, \quad 1 \ctn 86^\circ 44'.77 = 8.7548, \quad 1 \cos 86^\circ 44'.77 = 8.7541.$$

c. If the angle is contained between  $6^\circ$  and  $84^\circ$ , we use the main part of the table, occupying the lower half of p. 10 and pp. 11-15. The angle is tabulated at intervals of  $10'$ , from  $6^\circ$  to  $45^\circ$  in the left-hand column of the table, and from  $45^\circ$  to  $84^\circ$  in the right-hand column. The names of the functions are to be taken from the tops of the columns, when the angle is on the left; and from the bottoms of the columns, when the angle is on the right. The angles on the right and left of any line and the names at the top and bottom of any column have the same relation to each other as in the tables of *Natural Values* (§ 6). The true characteristic in the first, third, and sixth columns is —1, but is printed 9. The six columns are arranged in pairs. The two functions in each pair of columns are reciprocal to each other; and the logarithms are therefore complementary, and their differences are equal in value, with opposite signs. Down the middle of each double column are printed, in small type, the rates of difference of the logarithms in that double column. Each value of this rate may be used in interpolation, instead of  $\Delta u$ , through half the interval before and after the line on which it stands, as stated in § 2, c. Thus, in finding the logarithms of the circular functions of any angle between  $25^\circ 25'$  and  $25^\circ 35'$  we work from the values corresponding to  $25^\circ 30'$ , the nearest tabulated angle; and compute the corrections by taking proportional parts of 26, 33, and 6, for the three pairs of functions. In applying the corrections, we must carefully observe, for each function, whether the function is increasing or decreasing.

For example, let the logarithms of the circular functions of  $25^\circ 27'.4 = 25^\circ 30' - 02'.6$  be required. We find

$1 \sin 25^\circ 30' = 9.6340$	$1 \tan 25^\circ 30' = 9.6785$	$1 \sec 25^\circ 30' = 0.0445$
$0.26 \times 26 = 7$	$0.26 \times 33 = 9$	$0.26 \times 6 = 2$
$1 \sin 25^\circ 27'.4 = \underline{\overline{9.6333}}$	$1 \tan 25^\circ 27'.4 = \underline{\overline{9.6776}}$	$1 \sec 25^\circ 27'.4 = \underline{\overline{0.0443}}$

# Logarithms of Circular Functions.

$$1 \csc 25^\circ 30' = 0.3660 \quad 1 \ctn 25^\circ 30' = 0.3215 \quad 1 \cos 25^\circ 30' = 9.9555$$

$$1 \csc 25^\circ 27.4 = \underline{\underline{0.3667}}, \quad 1 \ctn 25^\circ 27.4 = \underline{\underline{0.3224}}, \quad 1 \cos 25^\circ 27.4 = \underline{\underline{9.9557}}.$$

In like manner, we have

$$1 \sin 74^\circ 46' = 0.9845, \quad 1 \tan 74^\circ 46' = 0.5649, \quad 1 \sec 74^\circ 46' = 0.5804,$$

$$1 \csc 74^\circ 46' = 0.0155, \quad 1 \ctn 74^\circ 46' = 9.4351, \quad 1 \cos 74^\circ 46' = 9.4196.$$

*d.* If the angle is *greater than*  $90^\circ$ , or *negative*, we must use the method explained in § 6, *b*, for the tables of *Natural Values* of the circular functions. When the natural value of a circular function is negative, this should be indicated by writing the letter *n* after its logarithm. Examples :

$$1 \sin 105^\circ 14' = 0.9845, \quad 1 \tan 105^\circ 14' = 0.5649 n,$$

$$1 \sec 105^\circ 14' = 0.5804 n,$$

$$1 \csc 164^\circ 46' = 0.5804, \quad 1 \ctn 164^\circ 46' = 0.5649 n,$$

$$1 \cos 164^\circ 46' = 0.9845 n,$$

$$1 \sin (-74^\circ 46') = 0.9845 n, \quad 1 \tan (-105^\circ 14') = 0.5649,$$

$$1 \cos (-394^\circ 46') = 0.4196.$$

**Given the logarithm of any circular function, to find the value of the corresponding angle.**

*e.* If the given logarithm lies *without the limits of the main part of the table*, the upper part of p. 10 may be used. If the given logarithm is a *log sin less than* 0.0192, or a *log tan less than* 0.0216, subtract from it the proper value of S or T (or add the arithmetical complement), and the remainder is the log of the required angle in minutes. The limiting values of the log sin and log tan for each value of S and T are given in the table. If the given log is a *log csc greater than* 0.9808, or a *log ctn greater than* 0.9784, its arithmetical complement will be a *log sin less than* 0.0192, or a *log tan less than* 0.0216. If the given log is a *log sec less than* 0.0024, the limits between which the required angle lies are given by the table; the angle may have any value between these limits, and is not therefore very closely determined. If the given log is a *log cos greater than* 0.9976, its arithmetical complement is a *log sec less than* 0.0024.

If the given log is a *log sin, log tan, or log sec greater than* 0.9976, 0.9784, or 0.9808 (respectively), or a *log csc, log ctn, or log cos less than* 0.0024, 0.0216, or 0.0192 (respectively), we must change the name of the function to the *complementary name* (sin to cos, etc.), *find the corresponding angle* as above, and take the *complement* of the angle thus found. Examples :—

$$(\log \sin)^{-1} 8.9542 = 50^\circ 09'.8, \quad (\log \ctn)^{-1} 2.0531 = 0^\circ 30'.42,$$

$$(\log \ctn)^{-1} 9.0024 = 84^\circ 15'.5, \quad (\log \sin)^{-1} 9.9983 = 84^\circ 56' \pm 4\frac{1}{2}'.$$

*f.* If the given logarithm is contained *within the limits of the main part of the table*, the required angle is found by ordinary interpolation; and we may use the printed rate of difference as the value of  $\Delta u$ , working in each case from the *nearest* tabulated value. The angle should be found to the *nearest minute*, or, when the difference exceeds 100, to the *nearest tenth* of a

## Explanation of the Tables.

minute. But in the right-hand pair of columns, the last figure of the angle thus found will generally be uncertain. Examples:—

Let it be required to find  $(\log \sec)^{-1} 0.0343$ ; i.e. the angle of which the log sec is 0.0643. The nearest tabulated log sec is 0.0647. We have, then,

$$(\log \sec)^{-1} 0.0647 = 30^\circ 30', u_2 - u = 4, \Delta u = 7, \frac{4}{7} = 0.6,$$

$$\therefore (\log \sec)^{-1} 0.0643 = 30^\circ 30' - 06' = 30^\circ 24'.$$

In like manner, let the student find

$$(\log \sin)^{-1} 9.5663 = 21^\circ 37', \quad (\log \operatorname{ctn})^{-1} 0.0496 = 41^\circ 44',$$

$$(\log \cos)^{-1} 9.9188 = 33^\circ 58' \text{ or } 57', \quad (\log \sec)^{-1} 0.2272 = 53^\circ 39',$$

$$(\log \tan)^{-1} 0.7507 = 79^\circ 56', \quad (\log \csc)^{-1} 0.1433 = 45^\circ 58'.$$

The angle may also be found by the next following table.

g. Pp. 8 and 9 may also be used for angles less than  $6^\circ$  or greater than  $84^\circ$ .

E.g.  $1 \sin 4^\circ 03'.4 = 8.8497$ ,  $1 \tan 4^\circ 03'.4 = 8.8508$ ,  $1 \sec 4^\circ 03'.4 = 0.0011$ ,  
 $1 \csc 4^\circ 03'.4 = 1.1503$ ,  $1 \operatorname{ctn} 4^\circ 03'.4 = 1.1492$ ,  $1 \cos 4^\circ 03'.4 = 9.9989$ .

### § 8. INVERSE CIRCULAR FUNCTIONS.

a. The table having this heading (pp. 16–18) is a table for finding the angle which corresponds to the given logarithm of a circular function. The logarithm (increased by 10) is the *argument* of the table, and is to be regarded as given to *four places* of decimals. It is tabulated at intervals of 0.0100 from 9.0000 to 0.0000 through the first page of the table, then at intervals of 0.0010, and in the last two divisions at intervals of 0.0001. The characteristic of the argument is printed at the head of the column. The figures supposed to follow the printed figures in the values of the argument are *zeros*. Thus, the first value is 9.0000, the next 9.0100, etc. The angle is given, for convenience of interpolation, in degrees and decimals of a degree. When found, it is easily reduced to degrees and minutes, if that is necessary, and should, in general, be taken *only to the nearest minute*. The angle under the heading  $\sin^{-1} u$  is that angle of which the corresponding value of the argument,  $\log u$ , is the  $\log \sin$ ; etc. In interpolating in this table, we may use the *printed rate of difference* instead of  $\Delta u$ , working from the *nearest* tabulated value of the argument, and carefully observing whether the tabulated angle ought to be *increased* or *diminished*. *When the printed rate of difference is omitted*, this is because the interval is too great to admit of accurate interpolation. In this case, we must resort to those later divisions of the table in which the argument is tabulated at smaller intervals. *When the last figure of the tabulated angle is printed in small type*, this shows that that figure is uncertain, if the logarithm is given to only four places; that is, that there is a possible variation, on each side of the tabulated angle, as great as *half a unit* in the place of the figure so printed. For example, if  $\log u = 9.9000$ , we find the last figures of  $\sin^{-1} u$  and  $\cos^{-1} u$  to be printed in small type. Now, seven-place tables show that  $(\log \sin)^{-1} 9.8999500 = 52^\circ 581$ , while  $(\log \sin)^{-1} 9.9000500 = 52^\circ 600$ . But 9.9000 may represent any logarithm between these; and hence the corresponding angle, in this case, admits a like variation, while  $\cos^{-1} u$  may have any value between  $37^\circ 419$  and  $37^\circ 400$ .

## Hyperbolic Functions.

Neither of these difficulties presents itself in finding an angle from its  $\log \tan$  or  $\log \text{ctn}$ . If  $\log u = 9.9000$ ,  $\tan^{-1} u$  can only vary from  $38^\circ 458$  to  $38^\circ 464$ .

The angle found by interpolation should be carried out *only to the nearest hundredth of a degree, in any case*. The last column of the table shows that the angle is not always determined even to the nearest tenth.

*b.* If the characteristic of the given logarithm is 0, we must take its arithmetical complement, which will be the logarithm of the reciprocal function of the same angle. The angle can then be found by the table.

*c.* If the given logarithm is less than 9.0000, or greater than 0.0000, the tables in the upper part of p. 10 may be used, as explained in § 7, *e*; or pp. 8, 9.

*d.* Let us find by this table the angles sought above, in § 7, *f*. We have, in the case of the first example,

$$(\log \sec)^{-1} 0.0643 = (\log \cos)^{-1} 9.9357.$$

Then the table gives

$$(\log \cos)^{-1} 9.9360 = 30^\circ 35, \quad \Delta u = 23,$$

$$0.3 \times 0.23 = .07$$

$$\therefore (\log \cos)^{-1} 9.9357 = 30^\circ 42 = 30^\circ 25'.$$

In fact, the limits of the angle are  $30^\circ 24'.2$  and  $30^\circ 25'.6$ , the mean value being  $30^\circ 24'.9$ . In this case, the present table gives a better value than the other; but both values are admissible.

In like manner, we have

$$(\log \sin)^{-1} 9.5063 = 21^\circ 81 - 20 = 21^\circ 61 = 21^\circ 37',$$

$$(\log \cos)^{-1} 9.9188 = 33^\circ 92 + .04 = 33^\circ 96 = 33^\circ 58',$$

$$(\log \tan)^{-1} 0.7507 = 79^\circ 92 + .02 = 79^\circ 94 = 79^\circ 56',$$

$$(\log \text{ctn})^{-1} 0.0496 = 41^\circ 71 + .03 = 41^\circ 74 = 41^\circ 44',$$

$$(\log \sec)^{-1} 0.2272 = 53^\circ 64 + .02 = 53^\circ 66 = 53^\circ 40',$$

$$(\log \csc)^{-1} 0.1433 = 46^\circ 01 - .04 = 45^\circ 97 = 45^\circ 58'.$$

### § 9. HYPERBOLIC FUNCTIONS.

*a.* The **hyperbolic functions** are certain functions which bear relations to the equilateral hyperbola similar to those borne by the circular functions to the circle; and they may often be usefully employed both in computation and in analysis. They are named the hyperbolic sine, cosine, tangent, cotangent, secant, and cosecant; and are variously denoted by different writers. They are here represented by the symbols: Sh, Ch, Th, Cth, Sch, CsCh. They may be defined by the following formulas, in which

$\mathbb{G}$  = the exponential base

$$= 1 + \frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{1.2} + \frac{1}{1.2.3} + \frac{1}{1.2.3.4} + \dots \\ = 2.7182818285 \dots :-$$

$$\text{Sh } x = \frac{1}{2} (\mathbb{G}^x - \mathbb{G}^{-x}), \quad \text{Ch } x = \frac{1}{2} (\mathbb{G}^x + \mathbb{G}^{-x}), \quad \text{Th } x = \frac{\text{Sh } x}{\text{Ch } x},$$

$$\text{Cth } x = \frac{1}{\text{Th } x}, \quad \text{Sch } x = \frac{1}{\text{Ch } x}, \quad \text{CsCh } x = \frac{1}{\text{Sh } x}.$$

## Explanation of the Tables.

They bear to the circular functions the relations expressed by the following formulas, in which  $i = \sqrt{-1}$  :—

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 \text{Sh } x = \frac{\sin xi}{i}, & \sin x = \frac{\text{Sh } xi}{i}, \\
 \text{Ch } x = \cos xi, & \cos x = \text{Ch } xi, \\
 \text{Th } x = \frac{\tan xi}{i}, & \tan x = \frac{\text{Th } xi}{i}, \\
 \text{Cth } x = i \operatorname{ctn} xi, & \operatorname{ctn} x = i \operatorname{Cth} xi, \\
 \text{Sch } x = \sec xi, & \sec x = \text{Sch } xi, \\
 \text{Csch } x = i \csc xi, & \csc x = i \operatorname{Csch} xi.
 \end{array}$$

Again, if  $\phi$  is so taken that

$$x = \operatorname{nat} \log \tan (45^\circ + \frac{1}{2} \phi),$$

$$\begin{array}{lll}
 \text{Sh } x = \tan \phi, & \text{Ch } x = \sec \phi, & \text{Csch } x = \operatorname{ctn} \phi, \\
 \text{Th } x = \sin \phi, & \text{Sch } x = \cos \phi, & \text{Cth } x = \csc \phi.
 \end{array}$$

The value of  $\phi$  determined by this formula has been called by some writers the **Guidermannian** of  $x$ , and denoted by the symbol :  $\operatorname{gd} x$ .

b. From  $x = 0.00$  to  $x = 1.00$ , the function tabulated is  $\operatorname{gd} x$  in degrees, at intervals of 0.01 in the value of  $x$ . The hyperbolic functions of  $x$  are then readily found, by the aid of the formulas last given, from the tables of circular functions. Beginning with  $x = 1.00$ ,  $\log \text{Sh } x$ ,  $\log \text{Ch } x$ , and  $\log \text{Th } x$  are tabulated, at intervals of 0.01 in the value of  $x$ , up to  $x = 3.00$ , the characteristic of each logarithm being placed at the head of its column ; then at intervals of 0.1 up to  $x = 6.0$ ; and lastly at intervals of 1 up to  $x = 10.0$ . The printed differences are to be used, as in other tables, each through *half the interval* before and after the line on which it stands.

c. If  $x > 10$ ,  $\log \text{Th } x = 0.0000$ , while  $\log \text{Sh } x$  and  $\log \text{Ch } x$  may be found by the formula and table given at the lower right-hand corner of p. 21. The quantity  $\mu$  is the *modulus* of the denary system of logarithms ; that is, it is the denary logarithm of the exponential base. The values of  $n\mu$  being given for all integral values of  $n$  from 1 to 10, any product  $x\mu$  is readily found, by adding together the products of  $\mu$  by the successive figures of  $x$ . Only four decimal-figures should be retained in the result.

d. The functions  $\log \text{Cth } x$ ,  $\log \text{Sch } x$ , and  $\log \text{Csch } x$  are the *arithmetical complements* of  $\log \text{Th } x$ ,  $\log \text{Ch } x$ , and  $\log \text{Sh } x$ , respectively.

e. The table may be used both directly and inversely. Examples :—

$$\begin{aligned}
 \log \text{Sh } 0.5378 &= \log \tan 29^\circ 42' 7'' = 9.7513, \\
 \log \text{Ch } 1.5280 &= 0.3825, \\
 \log \text{Cth } 1.8240 &= 0.0226, \\
 \log \text{Sh } 12.5913 &= \log \text{Ch } 12.5913 = 5.1673, \\
 (\log \text{Ch})^{-1} 1.6000 &= 4.377, \\
 (\log \text{Sh})^{-1} 5.0000 &= 12.206, \\
 (\log \text{Th})^{-1} 9.9012 &= 1.089, \\
 (\log \text{Sch})^{-1} 9.5873 &= 1.604, \\
 (\log \text{Csch})^{-1} 0.3924 &= \operatorname{gd}^{-1} (\log \tan)^{-1} 9.6076 \\
 &= \operatorname{gd}^{-1} 22^\circ 06' = 0.395.
 \end{aligned}$$

## § 10. NATURAL LOGARITHMS.

a. The natural system of logarithms is that which is founded on the exponential base (see § 9). This number is defined as the *limiting value* to which the expression

$$(1 + \epsilon)^{\frac{1}{\epsilon}} = \sqrt[\epsilon]{(1 + \epsilon)}$$

approaches, as  $\epsilon$  approaches 0. It is most frequently denoted by the letter  $e$ ; but, as being one of the few peculiar constants of analysis, it is here represented by the symbol  $\text{G}$ , which may be read "base."

The following formulas are proved in treatises on the Differential Calculus :—

$$\text{G} = 1 + \frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{1.2} + \frac{1}{1.2.3} + \frac{1}{1.2.3.4} + \dots,$$

$$\text{G}^x = 1 + \frac{x}{1} + \frac{x^2}{1.2} + \frac{x^3}{1.2.3} + \frac{x^4}{1.2.3.4} + \dots,$$

$$\text{nat log } (1 + x) = x - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{x^5}{5} - \dots;$$

the second formula being applicable to *all values* of  $x$ , but the last only when  $x$  is numerically less than 1. If  $x$  is very small, then approximately

$$\text{G}^x = 1 + x, \quad \text{nat log } (1 + x) = x, \quad \text{nat log } (1 - x) = -x.$$

We also have, in the natural system,

$$\log (a + h) = \log a + \log \left(1 + \frac{h}{a}\right) = \log a + \frac{h}{a} - \frac{h^2}{2a^2} + \frac{h^3}{3a^3} - \dots,$$

provided  $h$  is numerically less than  $a$ .

The *rate of difference* of  $\text{G}^x$ , for  $\Delta x = 1$ , is always  $\text{G}^x$ , and that of  $\text{nat log } x$  is  $\frac{1}{x}$ .

b. The numerical value of  $\text{G}$  or of any power of  $\text{G}$  can be computed, to *any assigned number of decimal-places*, by using a sufficient number of terms of the first two series given above. Thus, to find  $\text{G}$  to four decimal-places, we proceed as follows, observing that, if any term be divided by its number in the series, the next following term is obtained :—

- 1) 1.00000
- 2) 1.00000
- 3) 0.50000
- 4) 0.16667
- 5) 0.04167
- 6) 0.00833
- 7) 0.00139
- 8) 0.00020
- 0.00002

$$\text{G} = 2.7183 \dots$$

## Explanation of the Tables.

c. The modulus of any system of logarithms is the logarithm of  $\mathcal{G}$  in that system. If  $m$  is the modulus of a system of which  $a$  is the base, then

$$a^m = \mathcal{G}, \quad \mathcal{G}^{m^{-1}} = a.$$

The modulus of the *natural system itself* is 1. The values of the modulus of the *denary system* and of the reciprocal of that modulus are

$$\begin{aligned}\mu &= \text{den log } \mathcal{G} = 0.4342944819\dots, \\ \mu^{-1} &= \text{nat log } 10 = 2.3025850930\dots.\end{aligned}$$

By the rule for converting logarithms from one system to another, the logarithm of a number in any system may be found by *multiplying the modulus of that system into the natural logarithm of the same number*. Thus,

$$\begin{aligned}\text{den log } x &= \mu \text{ nat log } x, \\ \text{nat log } x &= \mu^{-1} \text{ den log } x.\end{aligned}$$

By the aid of these formulas, the table at the bottom of p. 21 may be used to find the natural logarithm of any number, or the denary logarithm of any power of the exponential base, or to find a number from its natural logarithm. For example :—

$$\begin{aligned}\text{nat log } 72.5 &= 1.8603 \times \mu^{-1} = 4.2835, \\ \text{nat log } 1.0074 &= 0.0032 \times \mu^{-1} = 0.0074, \\ \text{den log } \mathcal{G}^{\frac{1}{7}} &= \frac{1}{7}\mu = 0.0620,\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}(\text{nat log})^{-1} 10.2108 &= (\text{den log})^{-1} (10.2108 \times \mu) \\ &= (\text{den log})^{-1} 4.4345 = 27194.\end{aligned}$$

d. The natural system is so called, because, in the higher mathematics, it is convenient to regard all other systems as founded upon this. It is named by some writers **hyperbolic**, and by others **Neperian**. But in fact, it is not the system of Napier; nor has it any other relation to the hyperbola than that which belongs to logarithms in general.

e. We may make the following statement of the relation of logarithms and of the hyperbolic functions to the hyperbola, using the notation of Analytic Geometry :—

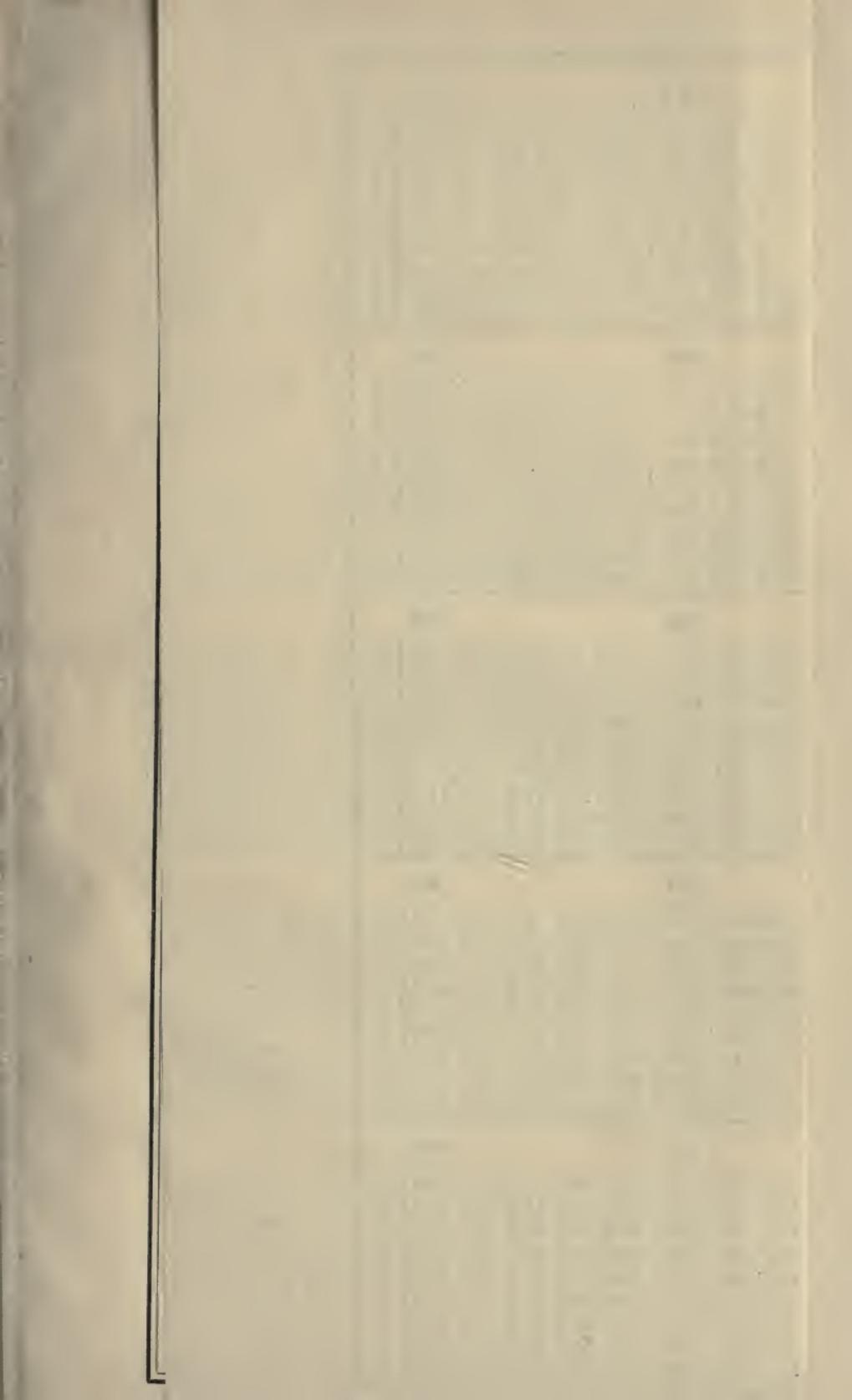
Let  $xy = 1$  be the equation of an hyperbola referred to its asymptotes. It can be proved by the Integral Calculus that the *area*, contained between the curve and the axis of  $x$ , and between two ordinates of which one is drawn to the vertex of the curve, is measured by  $\log x$  in the system of which the modulus is  $\sin \omega$ . Thus, *the logarithms belonging to any system may be represented by the areas of an appropriate hyperbola*. The natural system corresponds to the equilateral hyperbola, for which  $\sin \omega = 1$ .

Again, if  $u$  denotes twice the area of the *sector* of the hyperbola  $x^2 - y^2 = 1$ , contained between the axis of  $x$  and a radius vector from the centre, then

$$x = \text{Ch } u, \quad y = \text{Sh } u;$$

just as, in the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ , with a similar meaning of  $u$ ,

$$x = \cos u, \quad y = \sin u.$$



t

T  
tl

E  
le  
n

te  
a  
lc

it  
n  
fi  
h

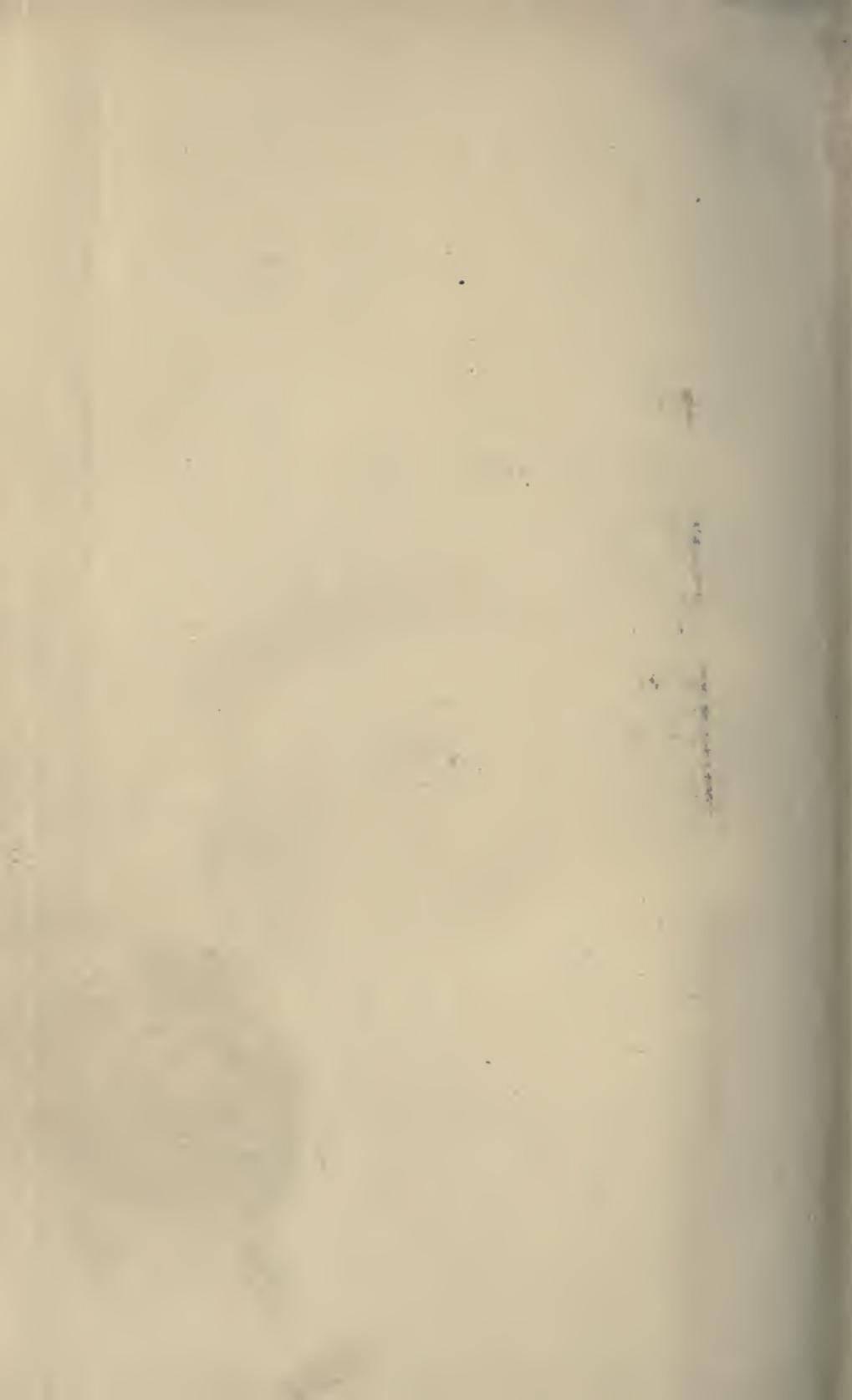
a  
A

It  
tl  
d  
w  
be  
c

x  
tl

j





QA  
55  
P43  
1889

Peirce, James Mills  
Mathematical tables

Physical &  
Applied Sci.

PLEASE DO NOT REMOVE  
CARDS OR SLIPS FROM THIS POCKET

---

---

UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO LIBRARY

---

